THE CHARLEROI MAIL

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NEW STATION WILL BE BUILT EARLY THIS YEAR

NEW CHARLEROI DEPOT THING OF NEAR FUTURE

Announcement Made From Division Engineer's Office to Effect That Pennsylvania Railroad Company is About Ready to Begin Work---Contract to be Awarded Soon

STATION WILL BE BEST AND COSTLIEST IN THE MONONGAHELA VALLEY—THREE WAITING ROOMS

Information that work on Charleroi's new station is to be started as soon as the contract can be let was received by E. F. Krahmer, local agent, from Division Engineer B. E. Wiseman's office, at Pittsburg last night. Mr. Wiseman received orders yesterday to let the contract at once, and to push to an early completion the consruction of the new structure He at once communicated the fact to Mr. Krahmer, who in turn notified some of the members of the Charleroi Business Men's Association. The division engineer is now getting ready for bids and local firms will be given a chance.

The new station is to be the finest along the Monongahela division, and it is understood one of the finest in this part of the State. The probably cost of the station has not been made public but it will be better than Homestead's station, which cost above $20,000.

Three waiting rooms will be provided. There will be a general waiting room, a women's retiring room and a men's smoking room. A porte cochere will be provided for carriages and automobiles to drive under on the McKean avenue side. It will be necessary for the Adam's Express company station to be moved, and in all probability the news stand will be taken from the corner.

An appropriation for the Charleroi station was granted last year, but owing to the business depression the division officials were told to hold the matter in abeyance. This year the business outlook is better and the head officials from Philadelphia instructed A G Mitchell, the division superintendent and Mr. Wiseman to proceed.

Making allowance for all necessary delay in letting the contract and making preparations for work, it seems likely that work will be started on actual construction not later than the middle of March.

FERRY CUT BY NEGRO

Suggests That Trio Leave Restaurant and Gets Hurt.

Page Morris, a well known negro of the valley, is charged with aggravated assault and battery and cutting with intent to murder, and Dick and Cecil Tripplett each with assault and battery, as the result of an affair in the restaurant of Hotel Arthur last night. John Ferry, who made information against the men, is suffering from a bad cut across his left cheek from a knife wielded, it is stated by Morris.

Morris and some other negroes it is stated were in the place and an argument and some loud talk arose. The proprietor of the hotel, Arthur Day, requested them to leave. Ferry was in the restaurant eating his supper, and said, "Yes, go out, boys." Then it is stated Morris wheeled around with a knife in his hand and slashed at Ferry, cutting his face severely. It is claimed the Tipetts also took part. Ferry was at once taken to Dr. Sloan's office to have his wounds dressed and the negroes escaped for the time being, but were later arrested. Ferry made information before Justice of the Peace John Jenkins before whom the hearing is to be held this afternoon.

Mens and Boys suits and overcoats at less than cost. L. Campbell. 154tl

Mr. and Mrs. Hickey of Lincoln avenue were guests of friends in Pittsburg over Sunday.

APPEAL TO DECISION

North Charleroi Councilmen Question Right of Damages.

North Charleroi council last night at their regular meeting was advised by Borough Solicitor Hugh E. Fergus that he had filed an appeal in the award of damages made by the court recently in the Dowd heirs case. John W. Dowd recovered on alleged damage to property by reason of a fill. President Schafer was in the chair, and councilmen present were Rockwell, Jacobs, Sloan and Nebulung.

A report of the treasurer showed a balance in the treasury of $793.98. Bills to the amount of $147.57 were ordered paid.

The borough solicitor presented a list showing the liens entered in favor of the borough. President Shafer instructed the board walk committee to proceed under direction of the borough solicitor with liens of Samuel H. Gaskill, W. L. Hendershot and George Lorenz which expires on February 26.

For the Dance

If you are going to the dance, party or reception, see our new lines of fancy slippers; velooze, suade, satin, kid, patent in all the new shapes. At Homann's Monesen. 153t2

Felix Rossomme and George Barnett attended the play, "The Chocolate Soldier" at the Alvin Theatre, Pittsburg, last nightt.

Tener, Pres. S. A. Walton, Vice Pres. R. H. Rush, Cashier.

NO CHANCE OF LOSS

THE 1ST NATIONAL BANK

It is better to pay household expenses by check, thereby affording a convenience without risk of loss.

Household Checking Accounts—large or small—are cordially invited.

4 Per cent Interest Paid on Savings Accounts

Depository for the State of Pennsylvania.

BENTLEY INTRODUCES BILL FIXING SALARIES

Scale is Based on Population of Proposed New Law, Each 25,000 People in County Increasing Officers' Pay.

REGARDED AS IMPORTANT MEASURE TO STATE

(Special Correspondence)

Harrisburg, Feb. 7—One of the most important bills of the session has been introduced by Charles A. Bentley of Monongahela. The bill places all county officials, clerks and employes of counties containinga population of less than 150,000, under salary and abolished all fees.

The bill divides counties coming under the bill into six classes. Washington county comes under the first class with a population of more than 125,000 and less than 150,000 The salaries of the officials under the bill will be: Sheriff $5,000; prothonotary $5,000; clerk of courts $4,000; register of wills $3,500; recorder of deeds, $5,000; county treasurer, $5,000; county commissioners, each, $2,500; county auditors, each, $500; coroner $2.000; county solicitor, $1,500.

The bill provides that in cases where the fees of the office for a year do not equal the salary the officials shall receive only the fees, but where the fees exceed the salary, the balance shall go to the county.

RAILROAD SPEED MADE IN HEARING APPLICATIONS

Judge Taylor Listens to Pleas For Some Licenses And Hears Remonstrances Against Others

ALL LOCAL HOTELS ARE UNOPPOSED

Railroad speed was made at the license court hearing, at Washington yesterday when 36 applications were disposed of in about 20 minutes. These were the retail and wholesale applications against which no remonstrances had been filed. Judge Taylor was on the bench and previous to the opening of the court he announced that no unnecessary delays would be permitted. The applications thus disposed included all the hotels in Charleroi and the Independent Brewery here. Among the cases that came up yesterday against whom remonstrances were filed were Louis Lazzari of Monongahela, and Walter S. Bowers of Fredericktown. Specific charges were made against the two applications, which were threshed out in court. The applications for the two tap rooms at Ellsworth and Cokeburg, were held over for argument, as the Anti-Saloon League attorneys raised a point that the conditions under which these licenses were granted were contrary to the Brooks law.

Serious charges wrere made against Edward Miller, who conducts a hotel at Marianna. These were based principally on the opening of the place last May but the court refused to permit this as evidence holding that it was the duty of the remonstrants at the time to make charges if the law had been flagrantly violated.

Others heard were the applications of George Cook of Zollarsville, George W. Dodds and Joseph Aul of West Brownsville, John Eckert of Union township, Mrs. Alice Moore of Millsboro and Mathias Engle of West Brownsville.

The case of William Abbott of Carroll township was brought up but held over owing to the absence of witnesses, but later one of the Anti-Saloon League attorneys offered to withdraw the remonstrance, which was permitted by the court.

INTERESTING CONVENTION

School Directors of State Enjoy Good Session.

Ira L. Nickeson, secretary of the Charleroi school board, attended the annual convention of the State Association of School Directors at Harrisburg last week and makes the following interesting report of the proceedings:

The 16th annual convention of directors assembled in Assembly Hall of the high school building in Harrisburg Friday morning, February 3. The address of welcome by H. K. Boyer, president at Harrisburg school board, was so broad and liberal it removed the feeling that we were strangers in a strange place and made us feel that we were stangers in a home of friends. The response by Thomas Jenkins, chairman of the Executive committee, Scranton, Pa., in behalf of the directors accepting the hospitality of the city during the convention, gave assurance that the directors would avail every opportunity in complying with the hearty welcome.

A paper was read by C. L. Shaver of Somerset on the subject, "Permanent Tenure of Teachers." Good teachers, he said should be elected for three or five years. No board of directors should sacrifice the interest of their schools by electing teachers of their own district unless they were competent for the position. Teachers holding the higher grades of certificates should have preference in our schools.

In the general discussions of the question some things in the paper were strenuously opposed by many who could get the floor for an expression. One point in particular, the election of a teacher for three or five years, did not meet the approval of the convention. Teachers holding Normal diplomas, professional and State certificates were not always our best teachers. While every teacher should plan to secure the best grade they should secure the same through practical channels and merit, and when once obtained should not believe their preparation for the profession was completed. Progressive teachers are sought by directors.

At 1:30 the president of the association, C. C. Hill, delivered an address, after which Governor J. K. Tener made his appearance and was heartily received by the convention. In part he said: "I consider the cause of popular education second in importance only to life and health. A new school code is now before the House for action. There are no doubt some things in it that will not meet with approval by all the directors, but I suggested they make their decisions as broad as possible and not have the whole code defeated on some minor points that might be objectionable."

Dr. Schaeffer, State Superintendent of Public Instructions, in his address dwelt principally on "Colleges and the Requirement of High Schools." No high school can complete the require-

(Continued on fourth page.)

FOREIGNERS WILL NOT BE LET OFF FROM THEIR TAXES

Excuses That All Naturalization Papers Have Not Been Secured Will Not go Where Proper Assessment Has Been Made---Either Pay or Go to Jail

SEWAGE DISPOSAL PERMIT ORDERED RECORDED; VARIOUS REPORTS HEARD IN REGULAR SESSION

Beacuse some foreign born residents of Charleroi do not have their final naturalization papers, and because some of their neighbors do not pay taxes, is no reason why they should pay their properly assesed occupation taxes, according to the decision of council last night in turning down some of the exonerations proposed by Tax Collector B L. Parsons. Council instructed Harvey Parsons, who represented his father as tax collector to go ahead and have those who refused to pay arrested and if necessary sent to jail, the borough to stand behind him in this action. Warrants will in all probability be served on a number for their 1908 taxes. A number who had moved from town, or from whom taxes were not collected, were exonerated from payment of their 1906 and 1908 taxes. There are something over $100 to be collectable.

President J. K Hein was in the chair and members present were C O. Frye, Dr. A. O. Davis, W R. Gaut and Oscar C. Linn. W. H. Calvert, who is out of town and Charles Schmeiler were absent.

Charles O. Frye of the special committtee of garbage disposal, all reported a communication from Chester and Fleming, the engineers who has been recommended to draw up plans for the local plant suggesting an inspection trip to the Pope sewage disposal plant. Nothing was done with the communication. Council instructed Mr Frye to have the State Board of Health sewage permit recorded.

C. J. Mathews and Harry C. Hepler, composing a new automobile firm, were granted permission to place a drive way in front of their new garage on McKean avenue near Sixth street. A bill of $19.25 was ordered paid to Jones Bros. wall paper dealers at the corner of Fourth street and Fallowfield avenue, for damage done to wall paper by water during the fire at the Odbert bulding.

Reports from Treasurer E. W. Hastings, Burgess George W. Risbeck; Tax Collector J. W. Mathias and ex-Tax Collector B. L. Parsons were heard and a number of bills paid. The report of the treasurer for the month ending January 6 follows:

Balance from last report	$ 4,228.01
Receipts	1,201 66
Total	$5,429.67
Disbursements	4.188.57
Balance in treasury	$1,241.10

Tax collector Mathias reported for 1910 collections $382.26 and for 1909 collections $191.59 turned over to the treasurer. Mr. Parsons reported for three years, 1906, 1907 and 1908 taxes, the sum total of $20.94 placed in the treasurer's hands Burgess Risbeck reported 43 arrests during the month assessed fines of $52 35 of which $46.35 was paid, the remainder being served.

Residents living in the vicinity of Fourth street and Lincoln avenue presented a petition for a street light and the matter was placed in the hands of the fire, water and light committtee. Ajournment was taken to meet any evening next week.

WATER OFF TOWN DRY

Portion of Town Without Usual Water Service.

When a gate broke in the water main at the corner of Fifth street and McKean avenue yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, it was so fated that trouble should be the lot of not only the Charleroi Water company this morning but also of residents and business men on Fifth street between Crest avenue and McKean avenue and on McKean avenue between Fifth and Sixth streets. The water company neglected to start work of repairing the broken gate until rather late this morning, when it was necessary to turn off water for nearly the entire working day. As a rseult bitter complaint was caused among some of the business men and citizens. McKean avenue in the vicinity of the leak was damaged to some extent by water washing out filling under the brick paving.

GUILT PLEAS ARE ENTERED

Men Arrested for Gambling Get Their Sentence.

Albert Daugherty, Jacob Shock and David Vaughn, who were arrested in the sensational raid on a gambling house in Monongahela a few weeks ago, appeared before Judgle McIlvaine yesterday having plead guilty to the charge. Their attorney, Harry L. Williams, stated that two of the defendants had invalid fathers and asked that the court release them on parole. Judge McIlvaine replied that in the face of so much public sentiment as had been manifested in the case he could not release them, and sentenced each to pay a fine of $100 and costs and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for three months. If the costs are not paid by the time the sentence expires the term will be extended to five months.

We Have Broken the Spell

of high prices on optical work—it has paid us. Our business has increased so that we have a machine and can grind our own lenses.

We examine eyes free, but will give you glasses only when needed.

JOHN B. SCHAFER

Manufacturing Jeweler

Bell Phone 103-W Charleroi Phone 103

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE CHARLEROI MAIL

A Republican Newspaper

Published Daily Except Sunday by

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CHARLEROI, PA.

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HARRY E. PRICE - Business Manager
S. W. SHARPNACK - Sec'y and Treas'r

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One Year	$3.00
Six Months	1.50
Three Months	.75

Subscriptions payable in advance.

Delivered by carrier in Charleroi at six cents per week.

Communications of public interest are always welcome, but as an evidence of good faith and not necessarily for publication must invariably bear the author's signature

TELEPHONES

Bell 76 Charleroi 76

Member of the Monongahela Valley Press Association.

ADVERTISING RATES

DISPLAY—Fifteen cents per inch, first insertion. Rates for large space contracts made known on application.

READING NOTICES—Such as business locals, notices of meetings, resolutions of respect, cards of thanks, etc., 5 cents per line.

LEGAL NOTICES—Legal, official and all similar advertising, including that in settlement of estates, public sales, live stock estray notices, bank notices, notices to teachers, 10 cents per line, first insertion 5 cents a line each additional insertion

LOCAL AGENCIES

G. S. Might	Charleroi
Mrs. Belle Sharpneck	Lock No 4
C. T. Hixenbaugh	Belle Vernon
C. T. Hixenbaugh	peers

Feb. 7 In American History

1800—Millard Fillmore, thirteenth president of the United States, born; died 1874.

1876—Admiral Silas Horton Stringham, U. S. N., distinguished in all the wars from 1812 to 1861, died; born 1789.

1904—The most destructive fire in the history of Baltimore laid in ruins 140 acres in the heart of the city; loss, $50,000,000.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.

(From noon today to noon tomorrow.) Sun sets 5:20, rises 6:58; moon sets 2:53 a. m.; planet Mercury visible, low in east before sunrise; 3 p. m., Mercury at descending node, crossing sun's path downward.

For County Commissioner

JOHN J. CAIRNS,

ROSCOE, PA.

Primaries, Saturday, June 3 1911.

Abolish Commissions

One of the most sensible as well as economic measures that has thus far made its appearance in the Legislature is the bill introduced by Charlie Bentley of Monongahela, abolishing all fees in county offices and in counties having a less population than 150.000. This bill has a direct bearing on Washington county, and its passage would remove a question that is already becoming an issue in county politics; namely, that some of the officers are recieiving exorbitant salaries through fees and commissions far in excess of their duties and service rendered. On a liberal salary basis many thousands of dollars would be saved annually to the taxpayers.

According to provisions of Mr. Bentley's bill the treasurer of Washington county would receive $5.000 a year. That is a most liberal salary for the duties that are to be performed; yet the county controller's report published last week shows that the salary of the treasurer of Washington county aggregated $5,094, not counting commissions on State funds, which are said to swell this salary two or three thousand dollars more. This is but one instance of the saving that could be effected on a salary basis for the county officials. There is no reason why the county should pay any more for services rendered than any one else, nor that the public should not have the benefit of excess receipts from any of the public departments.

Paying the Penalty

That the way of the transgressor is hard is evidenced by the salty sentence imposed by Judge McIlvaine of the county court on three confessed keepers of a gambling den at Monongahela. The men pleaded guilty, and asked to be released on parole. Inasmuch as the public had become aroused over their action the probabilities were that none of the men would soon venture to break the law in that particular respect and that when the public insisted upon it they would be good. This, however, was no guarantee that they would not resume operations whenever public viligence was relaxed. Their contrition was the result of being detected---not on account of a change of heart. As a consequence the court very properly refused the request, and imposed a sentence commensurate with the crime committed.

This action of the court should have a salutary effect on all similar violators of the law in this section. It is stated that gambling dens are operated in Charleroi under cover. Our police, however, do not wink at any such violations, and all they need at any time is to sufficient evidence to act promptly and vigorously. Those who do gambling under cover should bear in mind that they run the risk of a fine and a jail sentence, and that the Charleroi public will not condone their offense, nor will the court accept any extenuations.

Red Letter Sales.

In order to promote business and attract the shopping public, the merchants and business people of the East Liberty district in Pittsburg have inaugurated a monthly bargain day, when all unite in offering genuine reductions to the public one day of the month, and advertise the fact and what they have to offer through the newspapers. This is called "Red Letter Day," and it has proven very successful. East Liberty is now getting a lot of Pittsburg trade that heretofore went exclusively to the down town district.

This plan has been adopted by many other towns with beneficial results. The important part is for the business people themselves to keep faith, and to prove to the public that the bargains they offer are genuine. Nothing hurts a business more than to advertise sweeping reductions on everything, and then only make them on some dead or undesirable stock. The public soon refuses to be "gulled," and this policy, followed by several business people, soon has an injurious effect on the whole business of the town. The public is usually ready to take advantage when genuine bargains are offered by firms that have never fixed their patrons.

ELECTRIC SPARKS

Its getting to the point where an idea is a mighty dangerous thing to have.

Up in Fayette county the taxpayers paid for a "stone" bridge built out of cheap cement. That's like some in Wahington county's experiences of paying men for shoveling dirt both ways in building roads.

What's the matter with setting these bankers recently imprisoned to work building new highways?

Anyhow, the London suffragettes prevent the news columns from getting stale.

Men who would only hit the high places socially as a rule strike only the lowland.

An exchange advises us not tosubmit to the inevitable unless you are sure it is the inevitable.

"Some people are so thin," quotes an exchange," that you can hear 'em every time they get ready to change their minds."

As a result the fellow who is strongest in his declaration for equal rights visits the man who can be seen most fequently holding out his plan.

Trust busting laws may be effective, but they are not when never applied.

An epidemic of appendicitis is said to rage in parts of this and other States. Aw, call it the old fashioned stomach ache and forget it.

T. J. Allen has gone to Bradentown, Fla., on a business and pleasure trip

PICKED UP IN PASSING

Mrs E. C. Niver, who is a member of the local juvenile court committee and attended the annual meeting of the county committee at Washington last week, relates a story that Judge J. F. Taylor told at the afternoon session, over which he presided. After commending the women of the juvenile court for their good work, Judge Taylor said that the greatest work of humanity was the care of children, particularly those that were hemeless and neglected. The story he told came under his attention through the county juvenile court.

"I call this the story of 'Mary and Her Cat,'" asid Judge Taylor, in telating the incident.

Then he went on to relate how a forlorn looking little girl was brought before him, homeless neglected, ragged and hungry. Closely clasped in her arms she carried a cat, about as forlorn looking as herself. At the detention home the matron decided the cat could not stay in the house, and put it out of doors. Then the demon of passion was aroused in Mary, and she cried, and screamed, and kicked and bumped her head on the floor. The matron appealed to Judge Taylor, who asid:

"Let her have her cat. It's the only thing she seems to care for, and it will perhaps quiet her."

The cat was restored and Mary was happy. Later a home was found for her with a farmer, and she departed taking her cat with her. At the farm the cat developed a propensity for catching chickens, and the farmer killed the feline. Mary, in her rage, hurled a glass tumbler at the slayer of her pet and cut a gash in his forehead. She was taken back to the detention home and one after another places were secured for her, but she was incorrigible, and was always brought back. The last time Judge Taylor said to her:

"Well, Mary. We have tried to make you comfortable and happy and get you a good home but you do not seem to appreciate our efforts, or try to get along. Now, we are going to send you to Morganza, where I hope you will become a better girl."

Mary was taken to the training school, but as she left she said:

"I'm going to kill Judge Taylor and all his children."

She remained at the training school for some time without any apparent change in her disposition, until a ta revival there she expereinced religion. Then was effected a wonderful transformation. The spirituality of the girl's nature was awakened, and she developed a most beautiful character She is now in one of the leading normal schools in the eastern part of the State, where she is training to become a teacher

Before she left for the east she sent this message to the detention home at Washington:

"Tell Judge Taylor I didn't mean what I said about him."

Along with the aches and pains of his rheumatism L. M. Truxal, the versatile editor of the Belle Vernon Enterprise, is having a whole lot of fun at Mt Clemens where the most of the patients take things very seriously. In the last issue of the Enterprise, Mr. Truxal relates his experiences when he took his first medicinal bath at the famous Michigan resort.

"The first thing that attracted my attention after I entered the bath house," said Mr. Truxal, "was a most unnatural smell. I asked the attendant if a dead rat hadn't been inadvertently overlooked by the porter, but the attendant informed me that was the natural odor of the water, when it was cooking, and said I would get used to it."

That was only one of his many experiences. When they first soused the doughty editor into a tub of boiling water he mildly suggested that the place was hot.

"There's said to be a hotter place than this," grimly asserted the attendant, and gave his patient another souse into the steaming vat.

Then Mr. Truxall relates how they tried to viviscect him with their fingers, pull his ribs out for soup bones, and test his hide to see how much it would stand without tearing. Many patients are homesick and depressed at Mt. Clemens, but Mr. Truxal's keen sense of humor makes his experience really enjoyable.

If You Have a Printing Want

WE WANT TO KNOW WHAT IT IS

Putting out good printing is our business, and when we say *Good printing* we don't mean fair, but the best obtainable. If you are "from Missouri" give us a trial and we will

Show You

Watch

this space to-morrow

for

C. R. Newcomer's

BIG SHOE OFFER

The Social Breakfast.

A London newspaper wonders why we no longer invite people to breakfast. The reason is to be found in the state of mind that usually possesses the free and independent citizen at that hour in the morning, a state of mind that makes him unbearable to himself and to every one who comes near him. Presumably it was not ever so, for invitations to breakfast were once common enough, and not so long ago either. Mr. Gladstone used to have guests to breakfast every Thursday morning as recently as 1884, and it was thought sufficient to supply tea and coffee, eggs, bread and butter and perhaps some cold meat. But the really solid breakfast had come into fashion long before then, and it is said that the English learned the fashion from the Scotch. Motley, when he was ambassador to England, found that the substantial breakfast was grievously opposed to the simpler customs of his own country. He says, "When I reflected that all these people would lunch at 2 and dine at 8 I bowed my head in humiliation, and the fork dropped from my nerveless grasp."—Argonaut.

Big Clocks.

The big clock of the Metropolitan tower at Madison square, New York, is by long odds the costliest and most elaborate public timepiece ever constructed and is the only great clock in the world operated wholly by electricity without the touch of human hands Some of its other wonders are its size, being the largest four dial tower clock and the third largest clock of any size in the world, and its altitude, which is the highest of any clock in the world. It has also the biggest and heaviest striking bell.

The other three largest clocks are the one face dial of the Colgate factory in Jersey City, which is forty feet across, the next in size of mammoth public chronometers being the dial at St. Bombort's, in the old city of Malines, in Belgium, which is thirty-nine feet across. St. Peter's of Zurich, Switzerland, has a dial face twenty nine feet, and then in order comes the Metropolitan tower clock, which is twenty-six feet six inches in diameter

The Peanut.

The common peanut, beloved of the small boy, grows in a way that is distinctly original. The little plant sends up its shoots, with the fruit on the end of a somewhat stiff stalk, and then before it ripens the stem bends over and carefully pushes the fruit underground. As pigs are said to be especially fond of these, it has been suggested that the plant does this to hide its nuts from the porker's too inquisitive investigations.

System Required.

Clerk—May I have a day's leave tomorrow, sir? It is my mother-in-law's funeral. Employer—My dear Huber, this mustn't occur again. Last week your wife died, and now your mother-in-law's going to be buried. You must arrange things better in your family and see that they happen in the holidays.—Lustige Blatter.

Unkind.

Medical Man—Jobson has done the meanest thing I ever heard of. He came to my house the other night, ate a big dinner, got indigestion and then went to another doctor to be cured.

The Newspaper As A Salesman

The majority of retail store customers, before starting out on shopping forays, study the newspaper advertising. This habit is a great time saver.

The shopper escapes fruitless visits to many stores, and needless brothering clerks, by learning in advance where she is likely to find what she wants. She gives very little attention to the places that fail to inform her as to their offerings.

Many women, too, having become personally acquainted with the store people, dislike to enter their places of business unless they feel fairly sure of buying. They avoid this embrassment by learning in advance through the newspaper where they can probably supply their needs.

Thus it is that many sales are practically made before the buyer leaves her home. It has been proved over and over again, that the trade will pass stores with a main street location that fail to advertise, to hunt up poorly located shops on back streets that are well advertised. A merchant might as well close his shutters in business hours as fail to meet his competitors in the field where they are doing the heart of their business—the newspaper advertisment.

Advertise

IF YOU
Want a Cook
Want a Clerk
Want a Partner
Want a Situation
Want a Servant Girl
Want to Sell a Piano
Want to Sell a Carriage
Want to Sell Town Property
Want to Sell Your Groceries
Want to Sell Your Hardware
Want Customers for Anything
Advertise Weekly in This Paper.
Advertising Is the Way to Success
Advertising Brings Customers
Advertising Keeps Customers
Advertising Insures Success
Advertising Shows Energy
Advertising Shows Pluck
Advertising Is "Biz"
Advertise or Bust
Advertise Long
Advertise Well
ADVERTISE
At Once

In This Paper

Business Directory

Bell Phone 68-R Charleroi 123-A

MISS BRADEN
Professional Nurse
401 Crest Ave. Charleroi, Pa

Joseph A. Wheeler
Teacher of Violin
Studio 424 Fallowfield Avenue,
Bell Phone 115-J Charleroi, Pa

J. A. Willson & Co,
Undertaking and Embalming
Office at Jolliffe's Residence
608 Fallowfield Avenue
Bell Phone 52-R Charleroi.

Hugh E. Fergus
Attorney-At-Law
Fallowfield Avenue, Charleroi.

For Wholesome Home-Made Bread
TRY KUTHS
15 McKean Avenue
Charleroi, Pa.

Manicuring, Shampooing, Hair Dressing and Weaving, Face and Scalp Massaging, Chiropody.
MRS. NEALER
Bell Phone 29-R
206 Fourth St. Charleroi, Pa

MISS GRACE KEECH
Hair Dressing, Manicuring, Chiropody
Open Evenings
405 Fallowfield Ave., Charleroi, Pa
Bell Phone 4-L

Monessen New and Second Hand Furniture Store
463 Schoonmaker Ave. Monessen, Pa
Furniture Bought Sold and Exchanged
Stoves and all Household Goods.

CHACKO & JACOBS
—DEALERS IN—
Home Dressed Meats and Produce
Cor. Tenth St. and McKean Ave.
Charleroi, Pa.

Why You Should Bank With the BANK OF CHARLEROI

THIRD:—

The strength of this bank is due to (1) its Capital of $75,000; (2) its Surplus of $212,500; (3) its Undivided Profit Account of $13,500; (4) to the fine character and financial responsibility of the men who conduct its affairs.

Four Per Cent Interest Paid on TIME DEPOSITS

Bank of Charleroi
Capital and Surplus $287,500
Fourth Largest Bank in Washington County.
Open Saturday evenings from 8 to 9

THREE SURE WINNERS

in our line—Style—Fit—Finish. Avoid the ready-made as you'd the plague if you value appearances in social and business success. This winning trio is built into every suit of the FINE TAILORING that leaves our premises. Ask the next natty man you meet.

H. Melsher.
528 Fallowfield Ave.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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SPECIALS FOR
Monday and Tuesday

Children's Leggins worth 50 cents, sale price 19c
Ladies' Overgaiters, 50 cent kind . 19c
Men's and Ladies' warm Slippers, worth 50c, sale price 29c
Ladies' French heel shoes, worth $3.00, sale price 98c
Ladies' Rubbers worth 60c, sale price 39c
Men's ,, ,, 75c, ,, 59c
Ladies' dress shoes ,, $3.00 ,, $1.95
Men's ,, ,, ,, 3.00 ,, 1.95
Men's gum boots ,, 4.00 ,, 2.95

SPECIAL---365 Pairs of Men's, Boys', Youths' and Ladies' Shoes worth $2 00 to $2.50, our sale price . . . $1.00

Adolph Beigel
502 Fallowfield Ave. Charleroi, Pa.
We Give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps

HOW I WAS CURED OF SCROFULA

"I was in a very bad condition with scrofulous swellings round my neck. It started with a bunch on the side of my neck and it kept growing until the whole side of my face was swollen.

"I had tried everything in the shape of medicines for five years. I had gone under an operation in one of the hospitals in Boston and had them cut out. I had thirty little tubular glands taken from back of my ear down my shoulder. After the cuts healed over they started to come again and worse than before.

"After suffering so much I thought I would try Pinkham's Blood Purifier and before I had taken two bottles there was a great change in the swellings. I continued its use and to-day I am a well woman Every word of this is true.

"I cannot speak too highly in praise of Pinkham's Blood Purifier." —Mrs. W. H. Haynes, 38 Adams Avenue, Everett, Mass.

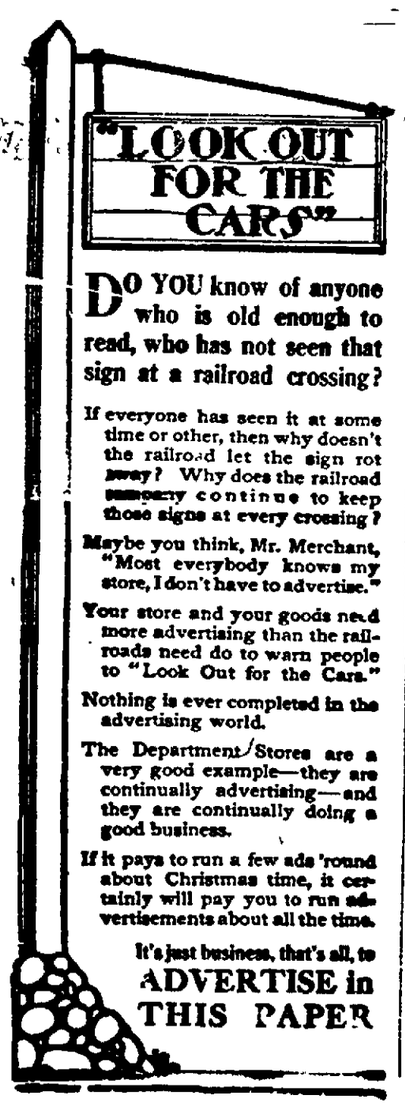
The tendency to Scrofula seems to be hereditary and it is hard to overcome. It may lie dormant for years, and then break out anew from time to time.

The only known remedy for Scrofula is to keep the blood pure and rich by the use of a good blood purifier. It may require long treatment, but Mrs. Haynes found that Pinkham's Blood Purifier cured her of this dreadful disease, after all other means had failed.

Pinkham's Blood Purifier is equally as good for all diseases emanating from impure, impoverished blood, and is the best Spring medicine known. People will find the Blood Purifier just as reliable a remedy as the women of the world have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Unequalled — satisfying and dependable.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL

Pinkham's Blood Purifier



DO YOU know of anyone who is old enough to read, who has not seen that sign at a railroad crossing?

If everyone has seen it at some time or other, then why doesn't the railroad let the sign rot away? Why does the railroad company continue to keep those signs at every crossing?

Maybe you think, Mr. Merchant, "Most everybody knows my store, I don't have to advertise."

Your store and your goods need more advertising than the railroads need do to warn people to "Look Out for the Cars."

Nothing is ever completed in the advertising world.

The Department Stores are a very good example—they are continually advertising—and they are continually doing a good business.

If it pays to run a few ads 'round about Christmas time, it certainly will pay you to run advertisements about all the time.

It's just business, that's all, to
ADVERTISE in THIS PAPER

ALL MY PIMPLES GONE

Girl Tells How a Blotchy Skin Was Cleansed By a Simple Wash.

"I was ashamed of my face," writes Miss Minnie Pickard, of Alamahaw, N. C. "It was all full of pimples and scars, but after using D. D. D. Prescription I can say that now there is no sign of that Eczema, and that was three years ago."

D. D. D. has become so famous as a cure and instant relief in Eczema and all other serious skin diseases, that its value is sometimes overlooked in clearing up rash, pimples, blackheads, and all other minor forms of skin impurities

The fact is, that while D. D. D. is so penetrating that it strikes to the very root of Eczema or any other serious trouble, the soothing Oil of Wintergreen, Thymol and other ingredients are so carefully compounded there is no wash for the skin made that can compare with this great household remedy for every kind of skin trouble.

D. D. D. is pleasant to use, perfectly harmless to the most delicate skin, and absolutely reliable. A 25-cent bottle will give you positive proof of the wonderful effectiveness of this great remedy.

W. F. Hennings in Charleroi

Remember
That every added subscriber helps to make this paper better for everybody

FAMOUS NOVELISTS.

What Some of Them Did Before They Took to Writing.

Among those novelists who studied law we have Fielding, Scott, Charles Reade, Wilkie Collins, Blackmore, Washington Irving, George Meredith, Robert Grant, Henry James, Anthony Hope, Rider Haggard and Owen Wister. Journalism, which Mr. Kipling once defined as the one legitimate branch of the profession, is represented by Dickens, David Christie Murray, William Black, J. M. Barrie, Marion Crawford, George W. Cable Stephen Crane, George Barr McCutcheon, Frank Norris, Richard Harding Davis and David Graham Phillips. The navy and merchant marine have given us Smollet, Captain Marryat, Fenimore Cooper, Clark Russell, Joseph Conrad and Morgan Robertson. Artists and architects include Thackeray, Du Maurier, Hopkinson Smith, Robert Chambers, Thomas Hardy and William J. Locke. Medicine and theology are not so well represented. Under the former head we recall for the moment only Smollett (naval surgeon), Holmes, S. Weir Mitchell and Sir Arthur Conan Doyle; under the latter, Sterne, Charles Kingsley, Henry van Dyke, Edward Everett Hale, Ian Maclaren, Ralph Connor and Thomas Dixon. College professors who have either given up their chairs to become novelists or have found time for occasional novels in the midst of their other duties are Sir Walter Besant, Robert Herrick and Brander Matthews.—Bookman.

A BLOOD TAX.

Payment by a French Town to Spain For an Ancient Crime.

Seven hundred years ago some shepherds of the valley of Roncal, in Navarre, were murdered by shepherds of the valley of Bareton, in Bearn, the crime taking place on the high pasture lands of Arlas, in the Pyrenees. It would have been difficult to bring the murderers individually to justice, and the Spaniards were preparing to make war upon the valley from which the French murderers had come when the French villages proposed that peace be maintained at the price of a yearly tax or tribute, to endure for all time, and this proposition was accepted.

The payment of this blood tax—originally three white mares, but later three cows of a particular breed and color—has been made ever since, the custom (it is nothing more) having survived even the great wars in which both France and Spain have engaged and the storm of the French revolution.

Yearly the representative men of the two valleys meet on the frontier at a certain stone remote from any town and go through the ceremony of presenting and receiving the cattle. The order of procedure, which is elaborate and impressive, is fixed by a document bearing the date 1375, though the tax was paid a hundred years prior to that time. The records of each yearly meeting and payment are duly attested and deposited in the archives of the Roncalais.—New York Tribune.

The Sanity of Paris.

The French live within their means and by a sense of economy wholly unknown to us manage to save and retire to enjoy whatever fortune has stored up for them, says F. Berkeley Smith in Success Magazine. To them France is sufficient. They voyage rarely and gamble less. The spendthrift or the man who plunges on the bourse, the races and the gaming table is regarded by the masses in the light of a rogue and a fool. The Parisians work hard enough for their leisure, but they never eliminate it nor allow their work to encroach upon their traditional daily vacation, as luncheon, the aperitif hour, dinner and fete days. They work, not to amass millions and die in harness, but to save enough to give their daughter her dot, without which she may never marry; start their son in his chosen trade and have enough income left to retire before they are too old to enjoy their freedom.

Old and Modern Customs.

Palm Sunday in certain places is called "Fig Sunday" from the custom of eating figs on this day, as snapdragons on Christmas eve, plum pudding on Christmas day, oranges and barley sugar on St. Valentine's eve, pancakes on Shrove Tuesday, salt codfish on Ash Wednesday, frumenty on "Mothering Sunday" (mid-Lent), cross buns on Good Friday, gooseberry tart on Whitsunday, goose on Michaelmas day, nuts on Allhallows, and so on.—New York American.

Leading the Leader.

A very small boy was trying to lead a big St. Bernard dog up the road.

"Where are you going to take the dog, my little man?" inquired a passer by.

"I—I'm going to see where—where he wants to go first," was the breathless reply.—Argonaut.

An Exceptional Case.

"What are you doing these days?"

"Playing the horses."

"No money in that."

"Yes, there is. I get $2 a night for imitating hoof beats in a melodrama."—Washington Herald.

Her Bad Habit.

"I don't like that woman."

"Why not?"

"She's the woman who is all the time teaching my wife a new way of serving up cold meat."—Detroit Free Press.

Integrity without knowledge is weak and useless, and knowledge without integrity is dangerous and dreadful.—Johnson.

The Dinner Table of Old France.

Could we restore for half an hour the dinner table of old France and obtain half a dozen instantaneous photographs of a royal banquet at any era between the reign of Francis I. and Louis XIV. such laughter would be heard as might disturb the serenity of Louis in paradise. The duchess, her napkin tied securely around her neck, would be seen nibbling a bone, the noble marquis surreptitiously scratching himself, the belle marquise withdrawing her spoon from her lips to help a neighbor to sauce with it, another fair creature scouring her plate with her bread, a gallant courtier using his doublet or the tablecloth as a towel for his fingers and two footmen holding a yard of damask under a lady's chin while she emptied her goblet at a draft. All of these at one era or another were the usages of polite society. During a feast of inordinate length it was sometimes necessary to substitute a clean cloth for the one which the carelessness or bad manners of the guests had reduced to a deplorable condition.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The Transformation.

They sat hand in hand on the yellow sands, in the shelter of a bowlder, watching the fleecy wavelets creep timorously shoreward.

"Frankie," she sighed, "say I'm oos ickle petsie once more."

"Oo's my ickle petsie, blessums ickle heart," came from the youth in the puce socks.

Up to the blue heavens rose a fat guffaw from the other side of the bowlder.

"Ickle petsie! Ickle petsie!" chuckled a corpulent gentleman with a four day stubble growth.

"Go it, Frankie! You ain't arf done yet. Eight years ago"—

"'Enry!" interrupted a shrill voice from the cliffs above. "You'll sleep wot little sense you 'ave got away if you ain't careful. Thought you was goin' to get some wheiks for tea!"

"Eight years ago, Frankie," continued the stout gentleman, mournfully, jerking his thumb cliffward, "she was my ickle petsie!"—London Tit-Bits.

Florence Nightingale.

There is a story that after the return to England of the troops from the Crimea Lord Stratford at a dinner suggested that those present should write on a piece of paper the name of the person whose Crimean reputation would endure longest. When the votes came to be examined it was found that not a single soldier had received a vote. Every paper bore the same two words—Florence Nightingale.

The "Lady With the Lamp" used to relate the following story: "Calling one day on one of her humble neighbors, she was surprised to see the usually tidy cottage in a state of great disorder. 'Why, Mrs. ——,' said Miss Nightingale, 'what is wrong with you? I never saw your home looking like this.' 'Beg your pardon, miss,' said the abashed woman, 'but, you see, I am expecting the visiting lady, and if she seed my place looking clean and tidy she'd think I didn't need no helpin'!'"

Chihuahua Dogs.

The true Chihuahua breed is the smallest race of dogs in the world They are also the most highly strung, sensitive and valiant of their kind. Their sense of sound, sight and smell is developed to a marvelous degree, and they have a bark which would rise supreme above the noises of a boiler shop. A strange step sets one of the little hair trigger animals into a frenzy of ear splitting rage, and yet they are so keenly intelligent that they can distinguish between friend and foe almost at first sight, sound or whiff. Long before the duller senses of man can detect a foreign presence these little marvels of nerve force will have "sized up" the intruder, and if not satisfied that all is well their staccato warning will wake the echoes.—Los Angeles Examiner.

The Ruling Passion.

Among the well known figures of the Paris salons mentioned in "An Eighteenth Century Marquise" was Bossut, mathematician and abbe, who had translated Maria Agnesi's work on the infinitesimal calculus. "When he was dying Maupertius was by his bedside. No one knew whether the agony was ended. 'Twelve times twelve?' asked Maupertius in a distinct voice 'One hundred and forty-four,' came the automatic answer as Bossut breathed his last."

Appearances.

It is the appearances that fill the scene, and we pause not to ask of what realities they are the proxies. When the actor of Athens moved all hearts as he clasped the burial urn and burst into broken sobs how few then knew that it held the ashes of his son!—Bulwer-Lytton.

A Straight Tip.

"You can't see my husband. He is not at home."

"But, madam, I want to see him the worst way."

"Well, if that's the way you want to see him you'd better sit right there on the steps until he comes from the club."—Houston Post.

Intuitive Depravity.

Elsie (age seven)—Ma, I want a penny. Mother—What for, dear? Elsie—I asked Bertie Jones to pretend we're getting married, and he says he won't do it unless I have a dowry!

Harsh words are like hailstones in summer, which, if melted, would fertilize the tender plant they batter down.

A Good Stuff.

He was young and had just graduated from law school His resources were exhausted, but he bravely swung forth his shingle and waited. But no clients stopped on that side of the street His office rent was due, and his clothes were becoming shiny but he went to his office with a regularity that would indicate a thriving practice He was deep in an imaginary case—and when the authorities were all noted and arguments prepared he started forth downtown and thrashed the mayor's son, whom he met in the street The act aroused the righteous indignation of the townsmen, and he faced an angry court But in his testimony he was able to include a sharp attack on the mayor and his administration. He quoted law from Lycurgus and Solon and gave them the page, number and chapter every time The case was continued and sent up to a higher court At last it reached the supreme bench, and the young man made the most of his opportunity to show his ability as a lawyer He lost the case and paid his fine cheerfully, for he had established for himself a practice which assured his future.—Joe Mitchell Chapple in National Magazine

President Johnson's Impeachment.

The house impeached President Johnson on Nov 25, 1867, charging him with having removed Secretary of War Stanton in direct violation of the tenure of office act, with having appointed General Thomas contrary to the same act, with conspiracy with General Thomas and others for the intimidation of Secretary Stanton and the unlawful disbursement of the war department's money and with inducing General Emory, commanding the department of Washington, to disobey orders.

The house adopted the resolution of impeachment by a vote of 126 to 42 After the trial of the case before the senate the vote for impeachment there stood 35 to 18, thus being short of the necessary two-thirds. The senate adjourned sine die, however, without voting on some of the primary articles embraced in the charges against the president Thereupon the chief justice of the United States court entered a verdict of acquittal on the record.—New York Times

A Great Trade Secret.

As every one knows, the process of manufacturing the paper of which Bank of England notes are made is one of the greatest of all trade secrets. It is known only to the governor of the Bank of England and to three other persons intimately connected with the industry which is carried on at Overton, a quiet little village in Hants All that the outside world is allowed to know concerning this precious paper is that it is made, among other ingredients, out of charred husks and Rhenish vines.

Quite as profound a secret is the manufacture of both the paper and the ink used for American banknotes The former has the double advantage of not being a secret preparation, but one that only "takes" one particular kind of ink, which is quite unique, the American government paying the manufacturer, who alone possesses the secret, the sum of $50,000 a year for making it.—Pearson's Weekly

How Did He Know?

Joe, the fat boy in the "Pickwick Papers," spent most of his time in slumber He was happier that way Probably there are a good many other people in the world a good deal like Joe, but most of them do not get the chance for sleep that he had This scrap of conversation, recently overheard, would seem to indicate that, although this is a nervous age, the desire for sleep is not wholly dead.

"I don't feel well," remarked Smith as he took off his coat in the office preparatory to sitting down at his desk "The trouble with me is that I haven't slept as I should. I don't feel well unless I've slept."

"That's the same way with me," remarked his partner. "In fact, I think I feel best of all when I'm sound asleep"—Youth's Companion.

The First Oyster Eater.

The gluttonous Vitellius is reported to have eaten 1,000 oysters at a sitting "He was a very valiant man who first ventured on eating of oysters," King James was wont to declare, a sentiment echoed by the poet Gay:

The man had sure a palate covered o'er
With brass or steel that on the rocky shore
First broke the oozy oyster's pearly coat
And risked the living morsel down his throat.

Trying to Help.

Hotel Clerk (to rural guest closing front entrance)—Hey, there! What are you trying to do? Uncle Eben—Don't git excited, young fellow! I jes' thought, seeing as how I was prob'ly the last one in tonight, I'd do the right thing and lock the doors 'fore going to bed!—Puck.

Matter of Intelligence.

Mrs Suburbs—John, did you call at the intelligence office today to inquire about a maid of all work? Suburbs—Yes, my dear Mrs Suburbs—Couldn't you find one? Suburbs—Oh, yes; I found a dozen, but they were all too intelligent to come out to this place.—Chicago News.

No Necessity.

Perdida (at the candy pulling)—Where do we wash our hands? Myrtilla—Oh, we don't have to do that. Pulling the candy makes them beautifully white and clean.—Chicago Tribune.

Make not thy friends too cheap to thee nor thyself to thy friends.—Fuller.

Stomach Troubles
Cured by Vinol

HERE IS PROOF

"I suffered so long from stomach trouble and indigestion, that I lost flesh rapidly — VINOL cured me after everything else had failed. It strengthened my digestive organs—gave me a hearty appetite, and I can eat anything without the slightest distress. I do not believe anything equals VINOL for stomach trouble and indigestion."

W. E. Waterhouse,
Portland, Me.

Mr. Thos. G. Wallace, of Detroit, Mich., writes, "I suffered for years from a chronic stomach trouble. VINOL entirely cured me after everything else had failed."

It is the curative medicinal elements of the cod's liver, combined with the strengthening properties of tonic iron contained in VINOL, which makes it so successful in restoring perfect digestion, and at the same time building up the weakened run-down system.

Try a bottle of VINOL with the understanding that your money will be returned if it does not help you.

Piper Bros., Druggists
Charleroi, Pa.

FOR SALE

$3,500	6 Rooms and Bath, Washington Avenue.
1,700	8 Rooms, Down Town
1,500	5 Rooms, Shady Avenue.
2,400	6 Rooms and Bath, Fallowfield Avenue.
2,500	6 Rooms and Store Room, McKean Avenue.
1.500	5 Rooms, Shady Avenue,
2,100	6 Rooms, 3rd Street.

FOR RENT

6 rooms, Second Street, $18.00.
6 rooms, Lincoln Avenue $15.00.
8 rooms, and bath, Crest Avenue, $30.00.
3 rooms, Lincoln Avenue, $8.50.
5 rooms, 6th Street, $12.50.

J. A. HEPLER
411 Fallowfield Avenue

Having relinquished my contract with the Macbeth-Evans Company, I am now prepared to look after my local customers in a more satisfactory manner.

The coal furnished by me is the Maple Creek coal and superior to other that is furnished.

Leave orders at D. R. Duvall's Hardware Store, Charleroi, or call

C. F. REED
Charleroi Phone No. 90.

SKIN AFFECTIONS

Whether on Infant or Grown Person Cured by Zemo and Zemo Soap

AN UNUSUAL OFFER

The Piper Drug store says to every person, be it man, woman or child, who has an irritated, tender or itching skin, to come to our store and procure a bottle of Zemo and a cake of Zemo soap and if you are not entirely satisfied with results, come back and get your money. So confident are we of the efficiency of this clean, simple treatmment that we make you this unusal offer.

Zemo is a clean liquid for external use that has cured so many cases of ezcema, pimples, dardruff and other forms of skin eruption. Zemo and Zemo soap are the most economical as well as the cleanest and most effective treatment for affections of the skin or scalp, whether on infant or grown person.

Destroys Liquor Craving

Drunkeness is a progressive disease; the moderate drinker is not satisfied with two or three drinks a day, the craving for more and more becomes irresistible as the disease advances; the result is Chronic Alcoholism.

The treatment used successfully by thousands right in their homes is Orrine. It is sold with the understanding that if it does not benefit after a trial, we refund your money.

Orrine No. 1, is the secret remedy; Orrine No. 2, is for those willing to take the treatment. Either form costs $1. Write for free booklet on Alcoholism. The Orrine Company, Orrine Building, Washington, D.C. Sold by the leading druggists, and in this city by Piper Bros. 201

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
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LOCAL MENTION

Interesting News Items Condensed for Busy Readers.

Any $2 00 soft or stiff hat for $1.39. L. Campbell Co. 154t1

All $1.00 shirts 79c. L. Campbell Co. 154t1

All 50c. and 75c. underwear 33c. L. Campbell Co. 154t1

Mrs. C. W. Weltner was called to Tarentum today by the serius illness of her mother.

Mrs. Patrick Connelly will give a euchre tomorrow evening at her home, 717 McKean avenue, for the benfiet of a society fund to be created for a special purpose. The affair will be informal and the public is cordially invited The euchre begins at 8 o'clock.

For Sale

The Retail Shoe business of Louis Beigel, 419 McKean avenue Doing the best business on the Monongahela valley. Established eigoteen years. Exclusive agency for Walk Over and Queen Quality Shoes Reason for selling, owner moving to Pittsburg. Stock will be reduced to suit purchaser. Long lease on store and residence or will sell building to buyer of stock.

Call or addres Louis Beigel, 419 McKean avenue, Charleroi. Bell 'phone 149-L. Must be sold before March 15, 1911. 147tf

Bank Hall Tonight

Dancing school. Cufan Waltz. Class 7:30. Social dance 9 to 12. 154t1

The Purpose of an Advertisement

is to serve your needs. It will help sell your goods—talk to the people you want to reach. An *advertisement in this paper* is a reference guide to those whose wants are worth supplying.

SOCIALISTS OPPOSE SCHOOL DIRECTORS FOR THEIR ACTION

The Charleroi Branch of Socialists are feeling sore over the refusal of the local school board to grant them permission to use the hall in the Ninth street school house for a series of lectures that has been arranged. It has been the custom to let the hall for any local entertainments in which citizens and taxpayers are interested, on payment of a nominal charge to cover light, heat and janitor's service. The Socialist committee claims it offered to pay the usual fees but were refused the hall. Later at a meeting of the county Socialists at Monongahela scathing resolutions was adopted denouncing the action of the local school board. It is stated that the refusal was based on the grounds that the lectures were of a political nature and that the school building could only be used for educational purposes. The Socialists deny that their lectures are any more political than any of those held by the Citizens' course, and that they are educational along the lines of socal as well as political economy.

SOCIALISTS TO HEAR LECTURES

Arrangements are being made by Socialists of Charleroi for the first lecture of a lecture course to be held at Turner Hall on Februry 15. The lecture will be by Christian E. Hoffman. Dates for other lectures are March 1, 15, 22, 29. A musical will be given on April 5 by the Socialist Quartet Concert company. Those not holding tickets an admission price of 15 cents will be charged.

Notice

All persons interested in Degree of Pocahontas are requested to meet at P. H C. Hall Wednesday Feb. 8, 7:30 p. m. 154t2p

Mrs. Mary Hutchman of Doseyville and her daughter, Mrs. William Murry of Sewickley are guests at the Hazlett home on Sixth street.

BUSINESS MEN TO RESUME VISITS TO INDUSTRIAL PLANTS

Excursions through industrial plants of the valley, started last year by the Charleroi Business Men's Association, will be resumed sometime between February 20 and 24, when a trip will be taken through the American Sheet and Tin Plate plant and the Page Woven Wire and Fence company's factory at Monessen. Announcement was made of the proposed trip this morning by President John B. Schafer. Last year trips were taken through Macbeth-Evans chimney factory, the Imperial Bottle factory, the Pittsburg Steel plant at Monessen and the Carnegie Steel plant at Donora.

Charleroi is the Place.

Louis Beigel, the well known shoe dealer of 419 McKean avenue, who is conducting a closing out sale, is distributing circulars showing some extraordinary bargains in footwear. In preparing the copy for printing the name of the town—Charleroi—was inadveriantly omitted, although the street and number are given. For the benefit of out of town people, who may get the circular, Mr. Beigel desires them to remember that his store is located at 419 McKean avenue, Charleroi, where he is well known and has been doing business for many years. Mr. Beigel expects to close out his business here and move to the East End, Pittsburg, where he has secured a business location.

Classified Ads

ROOM TO RENT—Good location. All modern conveniences. Reasonable. Apply 214 Mail office. 154t3p

LOST—Bunch of keys. Finder will be rewarded by returning to Mail office. 153tf

FOR RENT—Three rooms for light housekeeping. Apply 139 Mail office. 151tf

WANTED—A wide-awake solicitor for credit tailoring house. Good salary to the right man. Address P. O. Box 168, McKeesport, Pa. 153t2p

DO IT NOW Subscribe for THIS PAPER

INTERESTING CONVENTION

(Continued from First Page).

ment in less than four years, he said. There are 40 professions that can only be entered by students completing a high school course or its equivalent. Strike out all of the objectional methods of instruction and include only those parts essential to after life. What use have we of compound interest, partial payments, foreign exchange?

The remainder of the afternoon session was taken up in discussion of the School Code The introductory remarks were made by Hugh Eastburn of Dylestown, Ed. D F Fortney of Belefonte, after which the discussion was free for all or who could get the floor first. Some objected to length of team, others to electing a treasurer outside the board, others to minimum salaries paid teachers, some to the specifications for school buildings, number of directors, etc, but the most objectional feature was the appointing of a commission to govern the scohol in first class cities by judges It was argued that no authority could be given any one to take away the right of citizens to elect their own directors to govern their schools. One speaker said if he had the opportunity or power he would make his political power stronger, and he did not believe he was an exception; that it was a political scheme and should not exist in educational matters which should be non-partisan.

A resolution was presented to have the section relative to the appointing of a commission be stricken out or amended. The chair ruled that the resolution was out of order at that time.

At the opening of the evening session Isaac Sharpless, president of Haveford college, gave an address "Our National Traits as Modified by our Schools" George Howell, superintendent of Scranton, addressed the convention on "Ideals." Both addresses were practical and full of interest. At the Thursday morning session the Harrisburg high school consisting of 820 pupils rendered some fine vocal and instrumental music for an half hour

C. S Foss, superintendent of public schools of Reading gave an address, "Relative Importance of the Course of Study." He emphasized the importance of thoroughness in all studies rather than so much time allotted.

The reports of committees were taken up. A C. Hawkins chairman of committee on resolutions presented to the chair a majority report saying he would present a minority report. The essence of the majority report was that no recommendation be made at this time on the new school code; that school diretors takee up the matter in their meetings and forward their action to their representative The minority report very strenuously opposed that section, placing its appointment of directors by the judges in first class divisions which made things lively for a time with jivery shots both for and against. The majority of the convention being in favor of the minority report it was adopted. The remaining business was quickly disposed of and adjourned.

Quick Action Sale

For To-day and To-morrow

A Clearance Absolute of

110 Overcoats

At the Quick Action Price of

$9.75

FORMER PRICES—$12.00 $15.00 $16.00 $18.00

Greenberg's

Fifth and McKean Ave., Charleroi

Breach of Promise Claimed in Suit By Cleveland Girl

Anna Kraweck, a pretty Austrian girl of Cleveland, O., just past her 21st birthday, waited in vain last Christmas for her lover, Pitry Soloway, who had come to this county to secure better employment. He had been her constant companion at Cleveland, had lavished gifts upon her, including a handsome engagement ring, had taken her to places of amusement and had otherwise plighted his troth. His love, though, grew cold after coming to this county, or he saw another he liked better. His letters ceased to go to his sweetheart at Cleveland As a result Miss Kraweck on Saturday filed a suit for breach of promise against Soloway claiming $1,000 for the breaking of the vows he made to her. Soloway is now located at Cherry Valley in Smith township. This will come up for trial at Washington

REMNANT SALE

Thursday and Friday, February 9th & 10th 1911

It is the Greatest Sale Day of all the year. We never have a Remnant Sale but twice each year---February and August---never have it until we are ready and then we have it right. All the short pieces, odds and ends are carefully measured, ticketed, and REMNANT PRICES MARKED IN RED INK. That Red Ink Price is what does the business. Not only remnants, but every odd or surplus or slow selling lot in the house from top to bottom will go on sale at RED INK PRICES. If you have never attended one of our Remnant sales come to this one. If you have been here before we know you will come again.

Hundreds and Hundreds of Remnants Each Hour Will be a Golden Harvest

It will pay every woman within ten and fifteen miles to be here. Bring a basket; you will soon fill it at these prices. Remnant sale prices rule everywhere. We expect a record breaking crowd. It will be a record breaking sale. Extra salespeople to wait on you. Store opens at 8:00 a. m., not sooner: Remnants, Remnants, piles of Remnants. Remnants of Silk, Dress Goods, Ginghams, Muslins, Domets, Cantons, Embroideries, Laces. Percales, Calicoes, Crashes, All-overs, Ribbons, Carpets, Oilcloths, Linoleums. Sale of Ladies' Suits at $5.00, Trimmed Hats at $2.00. It will be a Big Day. Come and bring your friends.

REMEMBER THE TIME!
REMEMBER THE PLACE!

Semi-Annual Remnant Sale Bigger Than Ever

J. W. Berryman & Son

Corner of Fifth and McKean Avenue, Charleroi, Pa.

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THE CHARLEROI MAIL

Entered as second class mail at Charleroi, June 15, 1900, according to Act of Congress of March 8, 1879

VOL. XI. NO. 154. CHARLEROI, WASHINGTON CO., PA., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1911. One Cent

NEW STATION WILL BE BUILT EARLY THIS YEAR

NEW CHARLEROI DEPOT THING OF NEAR FUTURE

Announcement Made From Division Engineer's Office to Effect That Pennsylvania Railroad Company is About Ready to Begin Work---Contract to be Awarded Soon

STATION WILL BE BEST AND COSTLIEST IN THE MONONGAHELA VALLEY---THREE WAITING ROOMS

Information that work on Charleroi's new station is to be started as soon as the contract can be let was received by E. F. Krahmer, local agent, from Division Engineer B. E. Wiseman's office, at Pittsburg last night. Mr. Wiseman received orders yesterday to let the contract at once, and to push to an early completion the consruction of the new structure. He at once communicated the fact to Mr. Krahmer, who in turn notified some of the members of the Charleroi Business Men's Association. The division engineer is now getting ready for bids and local firms will be given a chance.

The new station is to be the finest along the Monongahela division, and it is understood one of the finest in this part of the State. The probably cost of the station has not been made public but it will be better than Homestead's station, which cost above $20,000.

Three waiting rooms will be provided. There will be a general waiting room, a women's retiring room and a men's smoking room. A porte cochere will be provided for carriages and automobiles to drive under on the McKean avenue side. It will be necessary for the Adam's Express company station to be moved, and in all probability the news stand will be taken from the corner.

An appropriation for the Charleroi station was granted last year, but owing to the business depression the division officials were told to hold the matter in abeyance. This year the business outlook is better and the head officials from Philadelphia instructed A. G. Mitchell, the division superintendent and Mr. Wiseman to proceed.

Making allowance for all necessary delay in letting the contract and making preparations for work, it seems likely that work will be started on actual construction not later than the middle of March.

BENTLEY INTRODUCES BILL FIXING SALARIES

Scale is Based on Population of Proposed New Law, Each 25,000 People in County Increasing Officers' Pay.

REGARDED AS IMPORTANT MEASURE TO STATE

(Special Correspondence)

Harrisburg, Feb. 7—One of the most important bills of the session has been introduced by Charles A. Bentley of Monongahela. The bill places all county officials, clerks and employes of counties containinga population of less than 150,000, under salary and abolished all fees.

The bill divides counties coming under the bill into six classes. Washington county comes under the first class with a population of more than 125,000 and less than 150,000. The salaries of the officials under the bill will be: Sheriff $5,000; prothonotary $5,000; clerk of courts $4,000; register of wills $3,500; recorder of deeds, $5,000; county treasurer, $5,000; county commissioners, each, $2,500; county auditors, each, $500; coroner $2,000; county solicitor, $1,500.

The bill provides that in cases where the fees of the office for a year do not equal the salary the officials shall receive only the fees, but where the fees exceed the salary, the balance shall go to the county.

FOREIGNERS WILL NOT BE LET OFF FROM THEIR TAXES

Excuses That All Naturalization Papers Have Not Been Secured Will Not go Where Proper Assessment Has Been Made---Either Pay or Go to Jail

SEWAGE DISPOSAL PERMIT ORDERED RECORDED; VARIOUS REPORTS HEARD IN REGULAR SESSION

Beacuse some foreign born residents of Charleroi do not have their final naturalization papers, and because some of their neighbors do not pay taxes, is no reason why they should pay their properly assesed occupation taxes, according to the decision of council last night in turning down some of the exonerations proposed by Tax Collector B. L. Parsons. Council instructed Harvey Parsons, who represented his father as tax collector to go ahead and have those who refused to pay arrested and if necessary sent to jail, the borough to stand behind him in this action. Warrants will in all probability be served on a number for their 1908 taxes. A number who had moved from town, or from whom taxes were not collected, were exonerated from payment of their 1906 and 1908 taxes. There are something over $100 to be collectable.

President J. K. Hein was in the chair and members present were C. O. Frye, Dr. A. O. Davis, W. R. Gaut and Oscar C. Linn. W. H. Calvert, who is out of town and Charles Schmeiler were absent.

Charles O. Frye of the special committtee of garbage disposal, all reported a communication from Chester and Fleming, the engineers who has been recommended to draw up plans for the local plant suggesting an inspection trip to the Pope sewage disposal plant. Nothing was done with the communication. Council instructed Mr. Frye to have the State Board of Health sewage permit recorded.

C. J. Mathews and Harry C. Hepler, composing a new automobile firm, were granted permission to place a drive way in front of their new garage on McKean avenue near Sixth street. A bill of $19.25 was ordered paid to Jones Bros. wall paper dealers at the corner of Fourth street and Fallowfield avenue, for damage done to wall paper by water during the fire at the Odbert bulding.

Reports from Treasurer E. W. Hastings, Burgess George W. Risbeck, Tax Collector J. W. Mathias and ex-Tax Collector B. L. Parsons were heard and a number of bills paid. The report of the treasurer for the month ending January 6 follows:

Balance from last report	$ 4,228.01
Receipts	1,201 66
Total	$5,429.67
Disbursements	4.188.57
Balance in treasury	$1,241.10

Tax collector Mathias reported for 1910 collections $382.26 and for 1909 collections $191.59 turned over to the treasurer. Mr. Parson's reported for three years, 1906, 1907 and 1908 taxes, the sum total of $20.94 placed in the treasurer's hands. Burgess Risbeck reported 48 arrests during the month assessed fines of $52 85 of which $46.35 was paid, the remainder being served.

Residents living in the vicinity of Fourth street and Lincoln avenue presented a petition for a street light and the matter was placed in the hands of the fire, water and light committee. Ajournment was taken to meet ^ny evening next week.

FERRY CUT BY NEGRO

Suggests That Trio Leave Restaurant and Gets Hurt.

Page Morris, a well known negro of the valley, is charged with aggravated assault and battery and cutting with intent to murder, and Dick and Cecil Trippiett each with assault and battery, as the result of an affair in the restaurant of Hotel Arthur last night. John Ferry, who made information against the men, is suffering from a bad cut across his left cheek from a knife wielded, it is stated by Morris.

Morris and some other negro s it is stated were in the place and an argument and some loud talk arose. The proprietor of the hotel, Arthur Day, requested them to leave. Ferry was in the restaurant eating his supper, and said, "Yes, go out, boys." Then it is stated Morris wheeled around with a knife in his hand and slashed at Ferry, cutting his face severely. It is claimed the Tipetts also took part. Ferry was at once taken to Dr. Sloan's office to have his wounds dressed and the negroes escaped for the time being, but were later arrested. Ferry made information before Justice of the Peace John Jenkins before whom the hearing is to be held this afternoon.

M n s and B ys' suits and overcoats at less than cost. L. Campbell. 154tf

Mr. and Mrs. Hickey of Lincoln avenue were guests of friends in Pittsburg over Sunday.

APPEAL TO DECISION

North Charleroi Councilmen Question Right of Damages.

North Charleroi council last night at their regular meeting was advised by Borough Solicitor Hugh E. Fergus that he had filed an appeal in the award of damages made by the court recently in the Dowd heirs case. John W. Dowd recovered on alleged damage to property by reason of a fill. President Schafer was in the chair, and councilmen present were Rockwell, Jacobs, Sloan and Nebulung.

A report of the treasurer showed a balance in the treasury of $708.98. Bills to the amount of $147.57 were ordered paid.

The borough solicitor presented a list showing the liens entered in favor of the borough. President Shafer instructed the board walk committee to proceed under direction of the borough solicitor with liens of Samuel H. Gaskill, W. L. Hendershot and George Lorenz which expires on February 26.

For the Dance

If you are going to the dance, party or reception, see our new lines of fancy slippers; velooze, suede, satin, kid, patent in all the new shapes. At Homann's Monesen. 153t2

Felix Rossomme and George Barnett attended the play, "The Chocolate Soldier" at the Alvin Theatre, Pittsburg, last nightt.

RAILROAD SPEED MADE IN HEARING APPLICATIONS

Judge Taylor Listens to Pleas For Some Licenses And Hears Remonstrances Against Others

ALL LOCAL HOTELS ARE UNOPPOSED

Railroad speed was made at the license court hearing, at Washington yesterday when 36 applications were disposed of in about 20 minutes. These were the retail and wholesale applications against which no remonstrances had been filed. Judge Taylor was on the bench and previous to the opening of the court he announced that no unnecessary delays would be permitted. The applications thus disposed included all the hotels in Charleroi and the Independent Brewery here. Among the cases that came up yesterday against whom remonstrances were filed were Louis Lazzari of Monongahela, and Walter S. Bowers of Fredericktown. Specific charges were made against the two applications, which were threshed out in court. The applications for the two tap rooms at Ellsworth and Cokeburg, were held over for argument, as the Anti-Saloon League attorneys raised a point that the conditions under which these licenses were granted were contrary to the Brooks law.

Serious charges wrere made against Edward Miller, who conducts a hotel at Marianna. These were based principally on the opening of the place last May but the court refused to permit this as evidence holding that it was the duty of the remonstrants at the time to make charges if the law had been flagrantly violated.

Others heard were the applications of George Cook of Zollarsville, George W. Dodds and Joseph Aul of West Brownsville, John Eckert of Union township, Mrs. Alice Moore of Millsboro and Mathias Engle of West Brownsville.

The case of William Abbott of Carroll township was brought up but held over owing to the absence of witnesses, but later one of the Anti-Saloon League attorneys offered to withdraw the remonstrance, which was permitted by the court.

INTERESTING CONVENTION

School Directors of State Enjoy Good Session.

Ira L. Nickeson, secretary of the Charleroi school board, attended the annual convention of the State Association of School Directors at Harrisburg last week and makes the following interesting report of the proceedings:

The 16th annual convention of directors assembled in Assembly Hall of the high school building in Harrisburg Friday morning, February 3. The address of welcome by H. K. Boyer, president at Harrisburg school board, was so broad and liberal it removed the feeling that we were strangers in a strange place and made us feel that we were stangers in a home of friends. The response by Thomas Jenkins, chairman of the Executive committee, Scranton, Pa., in behalf of the directors accepting the hospitality of the city during the convention, gave assurance that the directors would avail every opportunity in complying with the hearty welcome.

A paper was read by C. L. Shaver of Somerset on the subject, "Permanent Tenure of Teachers." Good teachers, he said, should be elected for three or five years. No board of directors should sacrifice the interest of their schools by electing teachers of their own district unless they were competent for the position. Teachers holding the higher grades of certificates should have preferance in our schools.

In the general discussions of the question some things in the paper were strenuously opposed by many who could get the floor for an expression. One point in particular, the election of a teacher for three or five years, did not meet the approval of the convention. Teachers holding Normal diplomas, professional and State certificates were not always our best teachers. While every teacher should plan to secure the best grade they should secure the same through practical channels and merit, and when once obtained should not believe their preparation for the profession was completed. Progressive teachers are sought by directors.

At 1:30 the president of the association, C. C. Hill, delivered an address, after which Governor J. K. Tener made his appearance and was heartily received by the convention. In part he said: "I consider the cause of popular education second in importance only to life and health. A new school code is now before the House for action. There are no doubt some things in it that will not meet with approval by all the directors, but I suggested they make their decisions as broad as possible and not have the whole code defeated on some minor points that might be objectionable."

Dr. Schoeffer, State Superintendent of Public Instructions, in his address dwelt principally on "Colleges and the Requirement of High Schools." No high school can complete the require-

(Continued on fourth page.)

WATER OFF TOWN DRY

Portion of Town Without Usual Water Service.

When a gate broke in the water main at the corner of Fifth street and McKean avenue yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, it was so fated that trouble should be the lot of not only the Charleroi Water company this morning but also of residents and business men on Fifth street between Crest avenue and McKean avenue and on McKean avenue between Fifth and Sixth streets. The water company neglected to start work of repairing the broken gate until rather late this morning, when it was necessary to turn off water for nearly the entire working day. As a result bitter complaint was caused among some of the business men and citizens. McKean avenue in the vicinity of the leak was damaged to some extent by water washing out filling under the brick paving.

GUILT PLEAS ARE ENTERED

Men Arrested for Gambling Get Their Sentence.

Albert Daugherty, Jacob Shock and David Vaughn, who were arrested in the sensational raid on a gambling house in Monongahela a few weeks ago, appeared before Judgie McIlvaine yesterday having plead guilty to the charge. Their attorney, Harry L. Williams, stated that two of the defendants bad invalid fathers and asked that the court release them on parole. Judge McIlvaine replied that in the face of so much public sentiment as had been manifested in the case he could not release them, and sentenced each to pay a fine of $100 and costs and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for three months. If the costs are not paid by the time the sentence expires the term will be extended to five months.

Tener, Pres. S. A. Walton, Vice Pres. R. H. Rush, Cashier.

NO CHANCE OF LOSS

It is better to pay household expenses by check, thereby affording a convenience without risk of loss.

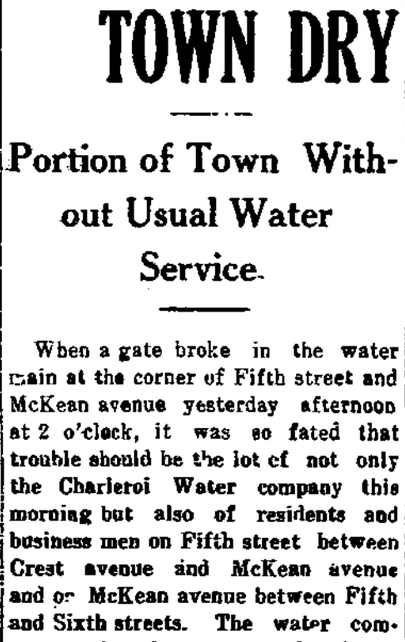
Household Checking Accounts—large or small—are cordially invited.

THE 1ST NATIONAL BANK

4 Per cent Interest Paid on Savings Accounts

Depositary for the State of Pennsylvania.

We Have Broken the Spell



of high prices on optical work—it has paid us. Our business has increased so that we have a machine and can grind our own lenses.

We examine eyes free, but will give you glasses only when needed.

JOHN B. SCHAFER

Manufacturing Jeweler

Bell Phone 103-W Charleroi Phone 103

THE CHARLEROI MAIL

A Republican Newspaper

Published Daily Except Sunday by

MAIL PUBLISHING CO

(INCORPORATED)

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CHARLEROI, PA.

E. C. NIVER - Pres. and Managing Editor
HARRY E. PRICE - Business Manager
S. W. SHARPNACK - Sec'y and Treas'r

Entered in the Post Office at Charleroi, Pa., as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year.....$3.00
Six Months.....1.50
Three Months.....75

Subscriptions payable in advance.

Delivered by carrier in Charleroi at six cents per week.

Communications of public interest are always welcome, but as an evidence of good faith and not necessarily for publication, must invariably bear the author's signature.

TELEPHONES

Bell 76 Charleroi 76

Member of the Monongahela Valley Press Association.

ADVERTISING RATES

DISPLAY—Fifteen cents per inch, first insertion. Rates for large space contracts made known on application.

READING NOTICES—Such as business notices, resolutions of respect, cards of thanks, etc., 5 cents per line.

LEGAL NOTICES—Legal, official and all similar advertising, including that in settlement of estates, public sales, live stock estray notices, bank notices, notices to teachers, 10 cents per line, first insertion, 5 cents a line each additional insertion.

LOCAL AGENCIES

G. S. Might.....Charleroi
Mrs. Belle Sharpnack.....Lock No. 4
C. T. Hixenbaugh.....Belle Vernon
C. T. Hixenbaugh.....Peters

Feb. 7 In American History.

1800—Millard Fillmore, thirteenth president of the United States, born; died 1874.

1876—Admiral Silas Horton Stringham, U. S. N., distinguished in all the wars from 1812 to 1861, died; born 1789.

1904—The most destructive fire in the history of Baltimore laid in ruins 140 acres in the heart of the city; loss, $50,000,000.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.

(From noon today to noon tomorrow.) Sun sets 5:20, rises 6:58; moon sets 2:53 a. m.; planet Mercury visible, low in east before sunrise; 3 p. m., Mercury at descending node, crossing sun's path downward.

For County Commissioner

JOHN J. CAIRNS,

ROSCOE, PA.

Primaries, Saturday, June 3, 1911.

Abolish Commissions

One of the most sensible as well as economic measures that has thus far made its appearance in the Legislature is the bill introduced by Charlie Bentley of Monongahela, abolishing all fees in county offices and in counties having a less population than 150,000. This bill has a direct bearing on Washington county, and its passage would remove a question that is already becoming an issue in county politics; namely, that some of the officers are recieiving exorbitant salaries through fees and commissions far in excess of their duties and service rendered. On a liberal salary basis many thousands of dollars would be saved annually to the taxpayers.

According to provisions of Mr. Bentley's bill the treasurer of Washington county would receive $5,000 a year. That is a most liberal salary for the duties that are to be performed; yet the county controller's report published last week shows that the salary of the treasurer of Washington county aggregated $5,094, not counting commissions on State funds, which are said to swell this salary two or three thousand dollars more. This is but one instance of the saving that could be effected on a salary basis for the county officials. There is no reason why the county should pay any more for services rendered than any one else, nor that the public should not have the benefit of excess receipts from any of the public departments.

Paying the Penalty

That the way of the transgressor is hard is evidenced by the salty sentence imposed by Judge McIlvaine of the county court on three confessed keepers of a gambling den at Monongahela. The men pleaded guilty, and asked to be released on parole. Inasmuch as the public had become aroused over their action the probabilities were that none of the men would soon venture to break the law in that particular respect and that when the public insisted upon it they would be good. This, however, was no guarantee that they would not resume operations whenever public viligence was relaxed. Their contrition was the result of being detected---not on account of a change of heart. As a consequence the court very properly refused the request, and imposed a sentence commensurate with the crime committed.

This action of the court should have a salutary effect on all similar violators of the law in this section. It is stated that gambling dens are operated in Charleroi under cover. Our police, however, do not wink at any such violations, and all they need at any time is to sufficient evidence to act promptly and vigorously. Those who do gambling under cover should bear in mind that they run the risk of a fine and a jail sentence, and that the Charleroi public will not condone their offense, nor will the court accept any extenuations.

Red Letter Sales.

In order to promote business and attract the shopping public, the merchants and business people of the East Liberty district in Pittsburg have inaugurated a monthly bargain day, when all unite in offering genuine reductions to the public one day of the month, and advertise the fact and what they have to offer through the newspapers. This is called "Red Letter Day," and it has proven very successful. East Liberty is now getting a lot of Pittsburg trade that heretofore went exclusively to the down town district.

This plan has been adopted by many other towns with beneficial results. The important part is for the business people themselves to keep faith, and to prove to the public that the bargains they offer are genuine. Nothing hurts a business more than to advertise sweeping reductions on everything, and then only make them on some dead or undesirable stock. The public soon refuses to be "gulled," and this policy, followed by several business people, soon has an injurious effect on the whole business of the town. The public is usually ready to take advantage when genuine bargains are offered by firms that have never fiked their patrons.

ELECTRIC SPARKS

Its getting to the point where an idea is a mighty dangerous thing to have.

Up in Fayette county the taxpayers paid for a "stone" bridge built out of cheap cement. That's like some in Wahington county's experiences of paying men for shoveling dirt both ways in building roads.

What's the matter with setting these bankers recently imprisoned to work building new highways?

Anyhow, the London suffragettes prevent the news columns from getting stale.

Men who would only hit the high places socially as a rule strike only the lowland.

An exchange advises us not tosubmit to the inevitable unless you are sure it is the inevitable.

"Some people are so thin," quotes an exchange," that you can hear 'em every time they get ready to change their minds."

As a result the fellow who is strongest in his declaration for equal rights visits the man who can be seen most fequently holding out his plan.

Trust busting laws may be effective, but they are not when never applied.

An epidemic of appendicitis is said to rage in parts of this and other States. Aw, call it the old fashioned stomach ache and forget it.

T. J. Allen has gone to Bradentown, Fla., on a business and pleasure trip

PICKED UP IN PASSING

Mrs E. C. Niver, who is a member of the local juvenile court committee and attended the annual meeting of the county committee at Washington last week, relates a story that Judge J. F. Taylor told at the afternoon session, over which he presided. After commending the women of the juvenile court for their good work, Judge Taylor said that the greatest work of humanity was the care of children, particularly those that were hemeless and neglected. The story he told came under his attention through the county juvenile court.

"I call this the story of 'Mary and Her Cat,'" asid Judge Taylor, in relating the incident.

Then he went on to relate how a forlorn looking little girl was brought before him, homeless neglected, ragged and hungry. Closely clasped in her arms she carried a cat, about as forlorn looking as herself. At the detention home the matron decided the cat could not stay in the house, and put it out of doors. Then the demon of passion was aroused in Mary, and she cried, and screamed, and kicked and bumped her head on the floor. The matron appealed to Judge Taylor, who asid:

"Let her have her cat. It's the only thing she seems to care for, and it will perhaps quiet her."

The cat was restored and Mary was happy. Later a home was found for her with a farmer, and she departed taking her cat with her. At the farm the cat developed a propensity for catching chickens, and the farmer killed the feline. Mary, in her rage, hurled a glass tumbler at the slayer of her pet and cut a gash in his forehead. She was taken back to the detention home and one after another places were secured for her, but she was incorrigible, and was always brought back. The last time Judge Taylor said to her:

"Well, Mary. We have tried to make you comfortable and happy and get you a good home but you do not seem to appreciate our efforts, or try to get along. Now, we are going to send you to Morganza, where I hope you will become a better girl."

Mary was taken to the training school, but as she left she said:

"I'm going to kill Judge Taylor and all his children."

She remained at the training school for some time without any apparent change in her disposition, until a ta revival there she expereinced religion. Then was effected a wonderful transformation. The spirituality of the girl's nature was awakened, and she developed a most beautiful character. She is now in one of the leading normal schools in the eastern part of the State, where she is training to become a teacher

Before she left for the east she sent this message to the detention home at Washington:

"Tell Judge Taylor I didn't mean what I said about him."

Along with the aches and pains of his rheumatism L. M. Truxal, the versatile editor of the Belle Vernon Enterprise, is having a whole lot of fun at Mt. Clemens where the most of the patients take things very seriously. In the last issue of the Enterprise, Mr. Truxal relates his experiences when he took his first medicinal bath at the famous Michigan resort.

"The first thing that attracted my attention after I entered the bath house," said Mr. Truxal, "was a most unnatural smell. I asked the attendant if a dead rat hadn't been inadvertently overlooked by the porter, but the attendant informed me that was the natural odor of the water when it was cooking, and said I would get used to it."

That was only one of his many experiences. When they first soused the doughty editor into a tub of boiling water he mildly suggested that the place was hot.

"There's said to be a hotter place than this," grimly asserted the attendant, and gave his patient another souse into the steaming vat.

Then Mr. Truxall relates how they tried to vivisect him with their fingers, pull his ribs out for soup bones, and test his hide to see how much it would stand without tearing. Many patients are homesick and depressed at Mt. Clemens, but Mr. Truxal's keen sense of humor makes his experience really enjoyable.

If You Have a Printing Want

WE WANT TO KNOW WHAT IT IS

Putting out good printing is our business, and when we say *good printing* we don't mean fair, but the best obtainable. If you are "from Missouri" give us a trial and we will

Show You

Watch

this space to-morrow

for

C. R. Newcomer's

BIG SHOE OFFER

The Social Breakfast.

A London newspaper wonders why we no longer invite people to breakfast. The reason is to be found in the state of mind that usually possesses the free and independent citizen at that hour in the morning, a state of mind that makes him unbearable to himself and to every one who comes near him. Presumably it was not ever so, for invitations to breakfast were once common enough, and not so long ago either. Mr. Gladstone used to have guests to breakfast every Thursday morning as recently as 1884, and it was thought sufficient to supply tea and coffee, eggs, bread and butter and perhaps some cold meat. But the really solid breakfast had come into fashion long before then, and it is said that the English learned the fashion from the Scotch. Motley, when he was ambassador to England, found that the substantial breakfast was grievously opposed to the simpler customs of his own country. He says, "When I reflected that all these people would lunch at 2 and dine at 8 I bowed my head in humiliation, and the fork dropped from my nerveless grasp."—Argonaut.

Big Clocks.

The big clock of the Metropolitan tower at Madison square, New York, is by long odds the costliest and most elaborate public timepiece ever constructed and is the only great clock in the world operated wholly by electricity without the touch of human hands. Some of its other wonders are its size, being the largest four dial tower clock and the third largest clock of any size in the world, and its altitude, which is the highest of any clock in the world. It has also the biggest and heaviest striking bell.

The other three largest clocks are the one face dial of the Colgate factory in Jersey City, which is forty feet across, the next in size of mammoth public chronometers being the dial at St. Bombort's, in the old city of Malines, in Belgium, which is thirty-nine feet across. St. Peter's of Zurich, Switzerland, has a dial face twenty nine feet, and then in order comes the Metropolitan tower clock, which is twenty-six feet six inches in diameter

The Peanut.

The common peanut, beloved of the small boy, grows in a way that is distinctly original. The little plant sends up its shoots, with the fruit on the end of a somewhat stiff stalk, and then before it ripens the stem bends over and carefully pushes the fruit underground. As pigs are said to be especially fond of these, it has been suggested that the plant does this to hide its nuts from the porker's too inquisitive investigations.

System Required.

Clerk—May I have a day's leave tomorrow, sir? It is my mother-in-law's funeral. Employer—My dear Huber, this mustn't occur again. Last week your wife died, and now your mother-in-law's going to be buried. You must arrange things better in your family and see that they happen in the holidays.—Lustige Blatter.

Unkind.

Medical Man—Jobson has done the meanest thing I ever heard of. He came to my house the other night, ate a big dinner, got indigestion and then went to another doctor to be cured.

The Newspaper As A Salesman

The majority of retail store customers, before starting out on shopping forays, study the newspaper advertising. This habit is a great time saver.

The shopper escapes fruitless visits to many stores, and needless brothering clerks, by learning in advance where she is likely to find what she wants. She gives very little attention to the places that fail to inform her as to their offerings.

Many women, too, having become personally acquainted with the store people, dislike to enter their places of business unless they feel fairly sure of buying. They avoid this embrassment by learning in advance through the newspaper where they can probably supply their needs.

Thus it is that many sales are practically made before the buyer leaves her home. It has been proved over and over again, that the trade will pass stores with a main street location that fail to advertise, to hunt up poorly located shops on back streets that are well advertised. A merchant might as well close his shutters in business hours as fail to meet his competitors in the field where they are doing the heart of their business—the newspaper advertisment.

Advertise

IF YOU
Want a Cook
Want a Clerk
Want a Partner
Want a Situation
Want a Servant Girl
Want to Sell a Piano
Want to Sell a Carriage
Want to Sell Town Property
Want to Sell Your Groceries
Want to Sell Your Hardware
Want Customers for Anything
Advertise Weekly in This Paper.
Advertising Is the Way to Success
Advertising Brings Customers
Advertising Keeps Customers
Advertising Insures Success
Advertising Shows Energy
Advertising Shows Pluck
Advertising Is "Biz"
Advertise or Bust
Advertise Long
Advertise Well
ADVERTISE
At Once

In This Paper

Business Directory

Bell Phone 68-R Charleroi 123-A

MISS BRADEN
Professional Nurse
401 Crest Ave. Charleroi, Pa.

Joseph A. Wheeler
Teacher of Violin
Studio 424 Fallowfield Avenue,
Bell Phone 115-J Charleroi, Pa

J. A. Willson & Co,
Undertaking and Embalming
Office at Jolliffe's Residence
608 Fallowfield Avenue
Bell Phone 52-R Charleroi.

Hugh E. Fergus
Attorney-At-Law
Fallowfield Ave. Charleroi.

For Wholesome Home-Made Bread
TRY KUTHS
15 McKean Avenue
Charleroi, Pa.

Manicuring, Shampooing, Hair Dressing and Weaving, Face and Scalp Massaging, Chiropody.
MRS. NEALER
Bell Phone 29-R
206 Fourth St. Charleroi, Pa

MISS GRACE KEECH
Hair Dressing, Manicuring, Chiropody
Open Evenings
405 Fallowfield Ave., Charleroi, Pa
Bell Phone 4-L

Monessen New and Second Hand Furniture Store
409 Schoonmaker Ave. Monessen, Pa
Furniture Bought Sold and Exchanged
Stoves and all Household Goods.

CHACKO & JACOBS
—DEALERS IN—
Home Dressed Meats and Produce
Cor. Tenth St. and McKean Ave.
Charleroi, Pa.

Why You Should Bank With the
BANK OF CHARLEROI

THIRD:—

The strength of this bank is due to (1) its Capital of $75,000; (2) its Surplus of $212,500; (3) its Undivided Profit Account of $13,500; (4) to the fine character and financial responsibility of the men who conduct its affairs.

Four Per Cent Interest Paid on TIME DEPOSITS

Bank of Charleroi
Capital and Surplus $287,500
Fourth Largest Bank in Washington County.
Open Saturday evenings from 8 to 9

THREE SURE WINNERS

in our line—Style—Fit—Finish. Avoid the ready-made as you'd the plague if you value appearances in social and business success. This winning trio is built into every suit of the FINE TAILORING that leaves our premises. Ask the next natty man you meet.

H. Melsher
528 Fallowfield Ave.

SPECIALS FOR

Monday and Tuesday

Children's Leggins worth 50 cents, sale price 19c

Ladies' Overgaiters, 50 cent kind . 19c

Men's and Ladies' warm Slippers, worth 50c, sale price 29c

Ladies' French heel shoes, worth $3.00, sale price 98c

Ladies' Rubbers worth 60c, sale price 39c

Men's ,, ,, 75c, ,, 59c

Ladies' dress shoes ,, $3.00 ,, $1.95

Men's ,, ,, ,, 3.00 ,, 1.95

Men's gum boots ,, 4.00 ,, 2.95

SPECIAL—365 Pairs of Men's, Boys', Youths' and Ladies' Shoes worth $2.00 to $2.50, our sale price . . . $1.00

Adolph Beigel

502 Fallowfield Ave. Charleroi, Pa.

We Give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps

HOW I WAS CURED OF SCROFULA

"I was in a very bad condition with scrofulous swellings round my neck. It started with a bunch on the side of my neck and it kept growing until the whole side of my face was swollen.

"I had tried everything in the shape of medicines for five years. I had gone under an operation in one of the hospitals in Boston and had them cut out. I had thirty little tubular glands taken from back of my ear down my shoulder. After the cuts healed over they started to come again and worse than before.

"After suffering so much I thought I would try Pinkham's Blood Purifier and before I had taken two bottles there was a great change in the swellings. I continued its use and to-day I am a well woman Every word of this is true.

"I cannot speak too highly in praise of Pinkham's Blood Purifier." —Mrs. W. H. Haynes, 38 Adams Avenue, Everett, Mass.

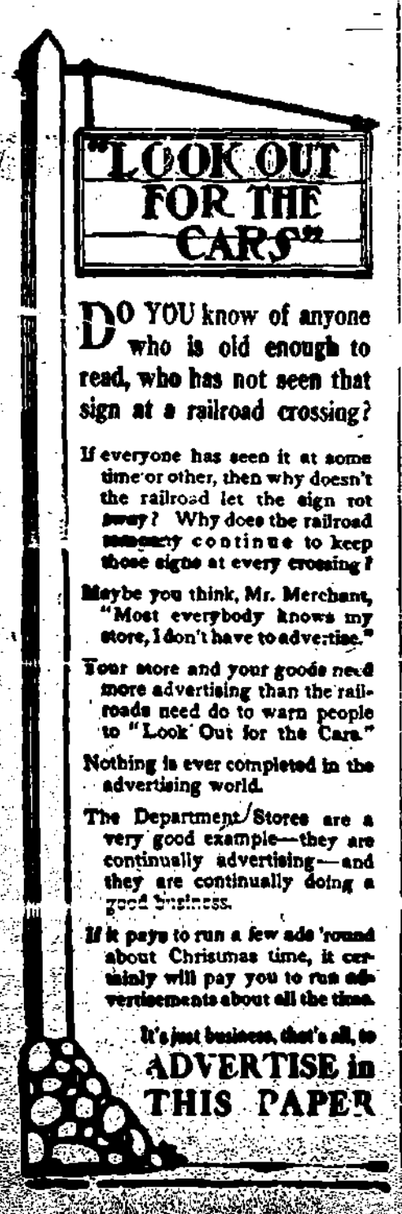
The tendency to Scrofula seems to be hereditary and it is hard to overcome. It may lie dormant for years, and then break out anew from time to time.

The only known remedy for Scrofula is to keep the blood pure and rich by the use of a good blood purifier. It may require long treatment, but Mrs. Haynes found that Pinkham's Blood Purifier cured her of this dreadful disease, after all other means had failed.

Pinkham's Blood Purifier is equally as good for all diseases emanating from impure, impoverished blood, and is the best Spring medicine known. People will find the Blood Purifier just as reliable a remedy as the women of the world have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Unequalled — satisfying and dependable.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL

Pinkham's Blood Purifier



DO YOU know of anyone who is old enough to read, who has not seen that sign at a railroad crossing?

If everyone has seen it at some time or other, then why doesn't the railroad let the sign rot away? Why does the railroad company continue to keep those signs at every crossing?

Maybe you think, Mr. Merchant, "Most everybody knows my store, I don't have to advertise."

Your store and your goods need more advertising than the railroads need do to warn people to "Look Out for the Cars."

Nothing is ever completed in the advertising world.

The Department Stores are a very good example—they are continually advertising—and they are continually doing a good business.

If it pays to run a few ads 'round about Chrismas time, it certainly will pay you to run advertisements about all the time.

It's just business, that's all, to

ADVERTISE in THIS PAPER

ALL MY PIMPLES GONE

Girl Tells How a Slothy Skin Was Cleansed By a Simple Wash.

"I was ashamed of my face," writes Miss Minnie Pickard, of Alamahaw, N. C. "It was all full of pimples and scars, but after using D. D. D. Prescription I can say that now there is no sign of that Eczema, and that was three years ago."

D. D. D. has become so famous as a cure and instant relief in Eczema and all other serious skin diseases, that its value is sometimes overlooked in clearing up rash, pimples, blackheads, and all other minor forms of skin impurities.

The fact is, that while D. D. D. is so penetrating that it strikes to the very root of Eczema or any other serious trouble, the soothing Oil of Wintergreen, Thymol and other ingredients are so carefully compounded there is no wash for the skin made that can compare with this great household remedy for every kind of skin trouble.

D. D. D. is pleasant to use, perfectly harmless to the most delicate skin, and absolutely reliable. A 25-cent bottle will give you positive proof of the wonderful effectiveness of this great remedy.

W. F. Hennings in Charleroi

Remember

That every added subscriber helps to make this paper better for everybody

FAMOUS NOVELISTS.

What Some of Them Did Before They Took to Writing.

Among those novelists who studied law we have Fielding, Scott, Charles Reade, Wilkie Collins, Blackmore, Washington Irving, George Meredith, Robert Grant, Henry James, Anthony Hope, Rider Haggard and Owen Wister. Journalism, which Mr. Kipling once defined as the one legitimate branch of the profession, is represented by Dickens, David Christie Murray, William Black, J. M. Barrie, Marion Crawford, George W. Cable, Stephen Crane, George Barr McCutcheon, Frank Norris, Richard Harding Davis and David Graham Phillips. The navy and merchant marine have given us Smollet, Captain Marryat, Fenimore Cooper, Clark Russell, Joseph Conrad and Morgan Robertson. Artists and architects include Thackeray, Du Maurier, Hopkinson Smith, Robert Chambers, Thomas Hardy and William J. Locke. Medicine and theology are not so well represented. Under the former head we recall for the moment only Smollett (naval surgeon), Holmes, S. Weir Mitchell and Sir Arthur Conan Doyle; under the latter, Sterne, Charles Kingsley, Henry van Dyke, Edward Everett Hale, Ian Maclaren, Ralph Connor and Thomas Dixon. College professors who have either given up their chairs to become novelists or have found time for occasional novels in the midst of their other duties are Sir Walter Besant, Robert Herrick and Brander Matthews.—Bookman.

A BLOOD TAX.

Payment by a French Town to Spain For an Ancient Crime.

Seven hundred years ago some shepherds of the valley of Roncal, in Navarre, were murdered by shepherds of the valley of Bareton, in Bearn, the crime taking place on the high pasture lands of Arlas, in the Pyrenees. It would have been difficult to bring the murderers individually to justice, and the Spaniards were preparing to make war upon the valley from which the French murderers had come when the French villages proposed that peace be maintained at the price of a yearly tax or tribute, to endure for all time, and this proposition was accepted.

The payment of this blood tax—originally three white mares, but later three cows of a particular breed and color—has been made ever since, the custom (it is nothing more) having survived even the great wars in which both France and Spain have engaged and the storm of the French revolution.

Yearly the representative men of the two valleys meet on the frontier at a certain stone remote from any town and go through the ceremony of presenting and receiving the cattle. The order of procedure, which is elaborate and impressive, is fixed by a document bearing the date 1375, though the tax was paid a hundred years prior to that time. The records of each yearly meeting and payment are duly attested and deposited in the archives of the Roncalais.—New York Tribune.

The Sanity of Paris.

The French live within their means and by a sense of economy wholly unknown to us manage to save and retire to enjoy whatever fortune has stored up for them, says F. Berkeley Smith in Success Magazine. To them France is sufficient. They voyage rarely and gamble less. The spendthrift or the man who plunges on the bourse, the races and the gaming table is regarded by the masses in the light of a rogue and a fool. The Parisians work hard enough for their leisure, but they never eliminate it nor allow their work to encroach upon their traditional daily vacation, as luncheon, the aperitif hour, dinner and fete days. They work, not to amass millions and die in harness, but to save enough to give their daughter her dot, without which she may never marry; start their son in his chosen trade and have enough income left to retire before they are too old to enjoy their freedom.

Old and Modern Customs.

Palm Sunday in certain places is called "Fig Sunday" from the custom of eating figs on this day, as snapdragons on Christmas eve, plum pudding on Christmas day, oranges and barley sugar on St. Valentine's eve, pancakes on Shrove Tuesday, salt codfish on Ash Wednesday, frumenty on "Mothering Sunday" (mid-Lent), cross buns on Good Friday, gooseberry tart on Whitsunday, goose on Michaelmas day, nuts on Allhallows, and so on.—New York American.

Leading the Leader.

A very small boy was trying to lead a big St. Bernard dog up the road.

"Where are you going to take the dog, my little man?" inquired a passer by.

"I—I'm going to see where—where he wants to go first," was the breathless reply.—Argonaut.

An Exceptional Case.

"What are you doing these days?"

"Playing the horses."

"No money in that."

"Yes, there is. I get $2 a night for imitating hoof beats in a melodrama."—Washington Herald.

Her Bad Habit.

"I don't like that woman."

"Why not?"

"She's the woman who is all the time teaching my wife a new way of serving up cold meat."—Detroit Free Press.

Integrity without knowledge is weak and useless, and knowledge without integrity is dangerous and dreadful.—Johnson.

The Dinner Table of Old France.

Could we restore for half an hour the dinner table of old France and obtain half a dozen instantaneous photographs of a royal banquet at any one between the reign of Francis I. and Louis XIV. such laughter would be heard as might disturb the serenity of Louis in paradise. The duchess, her napkin tied securely around her neck, would be seen nibbling a bone, the noble marquis surreptitiously scratching himself, the belle marquise withdrawing her spoon from her lips to help a neighbor to sauce with it, another fair creature scouring her plate with her bread, a gallant courtier using his doublet or the tablecloth as a towel for his fingers and two footmen holding a yard of damask under a lady's chin while she emptied her goblet at a draft. All of these at one era or another were the usages of polite society. During a feast of inordinate length it was sometimes necessary to substitute a clean cloth for the one which the carelessness or bad manners of the guests had reduced to a deplorable condition.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The Transformation.

They sat hand in hand on the yellow sands, in the shelter of a bowlder, watching the fleecy wavelets creep timorously shoreward.

"Frankie," she sighed, "say I'm oos ickle petsie once more."

"Oo's my ickle petsie, blessums ickle heart," came from the youth in the puce socks.

Up to the blue heavens rose a fat guffaw from the other side of the bowlder.

"Ickle petsie! Ickle petsie!" chuckled a corpulent gentleman with a four day stubble growth.

"Go it, Frankie! You ain't arf done yet. Eight years ago"—

"'Enry!" interrupted a shrill voice from the cliffs above. "You'll sleep wot little sense you 'ave got away if you ain't careful. Thought you was goin' to get some wheiks for tea!"

"Eight years ago, Frankie," continued the stout gentleman, mournfully, jerking his thumb cliffward, "she was my ickle petsie!"—London Tit-Bits.

Florence Nightingale.

There is a story that after the return to England of the troops from the Crimea Lord Stratford at a dinner suggested that those present should write on a piece of paper the name of the person whose Crimean reputation would endure longest. When the votes came to be examined it was found that not a single soldier had received a vote. Every paper bore the same two words—Florence Nightingale.

The "Lady With the Lamp" used to relate the following story: "Calling one day on one of her humble neighbors, she was surprised to see the usually tidy cottage in a state of great disorder. 'Why, Mrs. ——,' said Miss Nightingale, 'what is wrong with you? I never saw your home looking like this.' 'Beg your pardon, miss,' said the abashed woman, 'but, you see, I am expecting the visiting lady, and if she seed my place looking clean and tidy she'd think I didn't need no helpin'!'"

Chihuahua Dogs.

The true Chihuahua breed is the smallest race of dogs in the world. They are also the most highly strung, sensitive and valiant of their kind. Their sense of sound, sight and smell is developed to a marvelous degree, and they have a bark which would rise supreme above the noises of a boiler shop. A strange step sets one of the little hair trigger animals into a frenzy of ear splitting rage, and yet they are so keenly intelligent that they can distinguish between friend and foe almost at first sight, sound or whiff. Long before the duller senses of man can detect a foreign presence these little marvels of nerve force will have "sized up" the intruder, and if not satisfied that all is well their staccato warning will wake the echoes.—Los Angeles Examiner.

The Ruling Passion.

Among the well known figures of the Paris salons mentioned in "An Eighteenth Century Marquise" was Bossut, mathematician and abbe, who had translated Maria Agnesi's work on the infinitesimal calculus. "When he was dying Maupertius was by his bedside. No one knew whether the agony was ended. 'Twelve times twelve?' asked Maupertius in a distinct voice. 'One hundred and forty-four,' came the automatic answer as Bossut breathed his last."

Appearances.

It is the appearances that fill the scene, and we pause not to ask of what realities they are the proxies. When the actor of Athens moved all hearts as he clasped the burial urn and burst into broken sobs how few then knew that it held the ashes of his son!—Bulwer-Lytton.

A Straight Tip.

"You can't see my husband. He is not at home."

"But, madam, I want to see him the worst way."

"Well, if that's the way you want to see him you'd better sit right there on the steps until he comes from the club."—Houston Post.

Infantile Depravity.

Elsie (age seven)—Ma, I want a penny. Mother—What for, dear? Elsie—I asked Bertie Jones to pretend we're getting married, and he says he won't do it unless I have a dowry!

Harsh words are like hailstones in summer, which, if melted, would fertilize the tender plant they batter down.

A Good Bluff.

He was young and had just graduated from law school. His resources were exhausted, but he bravely swung forth his shingle and waited. But no clients stopped on that side of the street. His office rent was due, and his clothes were becoming shiny, but he went to his office with a regularity that would indicate a thriving practice. He was deep in an imaginary case, and when the authorities were all noted and arguments prepared he started forth downtown and thrashed the mayor's son, whom he met in the street. The act aroused the righteous indignation of the townsmen, and he faced an angry court. But in his testimony he was able to include a sharp attack on the mayor and his administration. He quoted law from Lycurgus and Solon and gave them the page, number and chapter every time. The case was continued and sent up to a higher court. At last it reached the supreme bench, and the young man made the most of his opportunity to show his ability as a lawyer. He lost the case and paid his fine cheerfully, for he had established for himself a practice which assured his future.—Joe Mitchell Chapple in National Magazine.

President Johnson's Impeachment.

The house impeached President Johnson on Nov. 25, 1867, charging him with having removed Secretary of War Stanton in direct violation of the tenure of office act, with having appointed General Thomas contrary to the same act, with conspiracy with General Thomas and others for the intimidation of Secretary Stanton and the unlawful disbursement of the war department's money and with inducing General Emory, commanding the department of Washington, to disobey orders.

The house adopted the resolution of impeachment by a vote of 126 to 42. After the trial of the case before the senate the vote for impeachment there stood 35 to 19, thus being short of the necessary two-thirds. The senate adjourned sine die, however, without voting on some of the primary articles embraced in the charges against the president. Thereupon the chief justice of the United States court entered a verdict of acquittal on the record.—New York Times.

A Great Trade Secret.

As every one knows, the process of manufacturing the paper of which Bank of England notes are made is one of the greatest of all trade secrets. It is known only to the governor of the Bank of England and to three other persons intimately connected with the industry, which is carried on at Overton, a quiet little village in Hants. All that the outside world is allowed to know concerning this precious paper is that it is made, among other ingredients, out of charred husks and Rhenish vines.

Quite as profound a secret is the manufacture of both the paper and the ink used for American banknotes. The former has the double advantage of not being a secret preparation, but one that only "takes" one particular kind of ink, which is quite unique, the American government paying the manufacturer, who alone possesses the secret, the sum of $50,000 a year for making it.—Pearson's Weekly.

How Did He Know?

Joe, the fat boy in the "Pickwick Papers," spent most of his time in slumber. He was happier that way. Probably there are a good many other people in the world a good deal like Joe, but most of them do not get the chance for sleep that he had. This scrap of conversation, recently overheard, would seem to indicate that, although this is a nervous age, the desire for sleep is not wholly dead.

"I don't feel well," remarked Smith as he took off his coat in the office, preparatory to sitting down at his desk. "The trouble with me is that I haven't slept as I should. I don't feel well unless I've slept."

"That's the same way with me," remarked his partner. "In fact, I think I feel best of all when I'm sound asleep."—Youth's Companion.

The First Oyster Eater.

The gluttonous Vitellius is reported to have eaten 1,000 oysters at a sitting. "He was a very valiant man who first ventured on eating of oysters," King James was wont to declare, a sentiment echoed by the poet Gay:

The man had sure a palate covered o'er
With brass or steel that on the rocky shore
First broke the oozy oyster's pearly coat
And risked the living morsel down his throat.

Trying to Help.

Hotel Clerk (to rural guest closing front entrance)—Hey, there! What are you trying to do? Uncle Eben—Don't git excited, young fellow! I jes' thought, seeing as how I was prob'ly the last one in tonight, I'd do the right thing and lock the doors 'fore going to bed!—Puck.

Matter of Intelligence.

Mrs. Suburbs—John, did you call at the intelligence office today to inquire about a maid of all work? Suburbs—Yes, my dear. Mrs. Suburbs—Couldn't you find one? Suburbs—Oh, yes; I found a dozen, but they were all too intelligent to come out to this place.—Chicago News.

No Necessity.

Ferdida (at the candy pulling)—Where do we wash our hands? Myrtilla—Oh, we don't have to do that. Pulling the candy makes them beautifully white and clean.—Chicago Tribune.

Make not thy friends too cheap to thee nor thyself to thy friends.—Fuller.

Stomach Troubles Cured by Vinol

HERE IS PROOF

"I suffered so long from stomach trouble and indigestion, that I lost flesh rapidly — VINOL cured me after everything else had failed. It strengthened my digestive organs—gave me a hearty appetite, and I can eat anything without the slightest distress. I do not believe anything equals VINOL for stomach trouble and indigestion."

W. E. WATERHOUSE,
Portland, Me.

Mr. Thos. G. Wallace, of Detroit, Mich., writes, "I suffered for years from a chronic stomach trouble. VINOL entirely cured me after everything else had failed."

It is the curative medicinal elements of the cod's liver, combined with the strengthening properties of tonic iron contained in VINOL, which makes it so successful in restoring perfect digestion, and at the same time building up the weakened run-down system.

Try a bottle of VINOL with the understanding that your money will be returned if it does not help you.

Piper Bros., Druggists
Charleroi, Pa.

FOR SALE

$3,500	6 Rooms and Bath, Washington Avenue.
1,700	8 Rooms, Down Town.
1,500	5 Rooms, Shady Avenue.
2,400	6 Rooms and Bath, Fallowfield Avenue.
2,500	6 Rooms and Store Room, McKean Avenue.
1,500	5 Rooms, Shady Avenue.
2,100	6 Rooms, 3rd Street.

FOR RENT

6 rooms, Second Street, $18.00.
6 rooms, Lincoln Avenue $15.00.
8 rooms, and bath, Crest Avenue, $30.00.
3 rooms, Lincoln Avenue, $8.50.
5 rooms, 6th Street, $12.50.

J. A. HEPLER
411 Fallowfield Avenue

Having relinquished my contract with the Macbeth-Evans Company, I am now prepared to look after my local customers in a more satisfactory manner.

The coal furnished by me is the Maple Creek coal and superior to other that is furnished.

Leave orders at D. R. Duvall's Hardware Store, Charleroi, or call

C. F. REED

Charleroi Phone No. 90.

SKIN AFFECTIONS

Whether on Infant or Grown Person Cured by Zemo and Zemo Soap

AN UNUSUAL OFFER

The Piper Drug store says to every person, be it man, woman or child, who has an irritated, tender or itching skin, to come to our store and procure a botttle of Zemo and a cake of Zemo soap and if you are not entirely satisfied with results, come back and get your money. So confident are we of the efficiency of this clean, simple treatmment that we make you this unusal offer.

Zemo is a clean liquid for external use that has cured so many cases of ezcema, pimples, dandruff and other forms of skin eruption. Zemo and Zemo soap are the most economical as well as the cleanest and most effective treatment for affections of the skin or scalp, whether on infant or grown person.

Destroys Liquor Craving

Drunkeness is a progressive disease; the moderate drinker is not satisfied with two or three drinks a day, the craving for more and more becomes irresistible as the disease advances; the result is Chronic Alcoholism.

The treatment used successfully by thousands right in their homes is Orrine. It is sold with the understanding that if it does not benefit after a trial, we refund your money.

Orrine No. 1, is the secret remedy; Orrine No. 2, is for those willing to take the treatment. Either form costs $1. Write for free booklet on Alcoholism. The Orrine Company, Orrine Building, Washington, D.C. Sold by the leading druggists, and in this city by Piper Bros. 20

LOCAL MENTION

Interesting News Items Condensed for Busy Readers.

Any $2 00 soft or stiff hat for $1.39. L. Campbell Co. 154t1

All $1.00 shirts 79c. L. Campbell Co. 154t1

All 50c. and 75c. underwear 33c. L. Campbell Co. 154t1

Mrs. C. W. Weltner was called to Tarentum today by the serius illness of her mother.

Mrs. Patrick Connelly will give a euchre tomorrow evening at her home, 717 McKean avenue, for the benfiet of a society fund to be created for a special purpose. The affair will be informal and the public is cordially invited. The euchre begins at 8 o'clock.

For Sale

The Retail Shoe business of Louis Beigel, 419 McKean avenue. Doing the best business on the Monongahela valley. Established eighteen years. Exclusive agency for Walk Over and Queen Quality Shoes. Reason for selling, owner moving to Pittsburg. Stock will be reduced to suit purchaser. Long lease on store and residence or will sell building to buyer of stock.

Call or addres Louis Beigel, 419 McKean avenue, Charleroi. Bell 'phone 149-L. Must be sold before March 15, 1911. 147tf

Bar'k Hall Tonight

Dancing school. Cufan Waltz. Class 7:30. Social dance 9 to 12. 154t1

The Purpose of an Advertisement

is to serve your needs. It will help sell your goods—talk to the people you want to reach. An *advertisement in this paper* is a reference guide to those whose wants are worth supplying.

SOCIALISTS OPPOSE SCHOOL DIRECTORS FOR THEIR ACTION

The Charleroi Branch of Socialists are feeling sore over the refusal of the local school board to grant them permission to use the hall in the Ninth street school house for a series of lectures that has been arranged. It has been the custom to let the hall for any local entertainments in which citizens and taxpayers are interested, on payment of a nominal charge to cover light, heat and janitor's service. The Socialist committee claims it offered to pay the usual fees but were refused the hall. Later at a meeting of the county Socialists at Monongahela scathing resolutions was adopted denouncing the action of the local school board. It is stated that the refusal was based on the grounds that the lectures were of a political nature and that the school building could only be used for educational purposes. The Socialists deny that their lectures are any more political than any of those held by the Citizens' course, and that they are educational along the lines of socal as well as political economy.

SOCIALISTS TO HEAR LECTURES

Arrangements are being made by Socialists of Charleroi for the first lecture of a lecture course to be held at Turner Hall on Februry 15. The lecture will be by Christian E. Hoffman. Dates for other lectures are March 1, 15, 22, 29. A musical will be given on April 5 by the Socialist Quartet Concert company. Those not holding tickets an admission price of 15 cents will be charged.

Notice

All persons interested in Degree of Pocahontas are requested to meet at P. H. C. Hall Wednesday Feb. 8, 7:30 p. m. 154t2p

Mrs. Mary Hutchman of Doseyville and her daughter, Mrs. William Murry of Sewickley are guests at the Hazlett home on Sixth street.

BUSINESS MEN TO RESUME VISITS TO INDUSTRIAL PLANTS

Excursions through industrial plants of the valley, started last year by the Charleroi Business Men's Association, will be resumed sometime between February 20 and 24, when a trip will be taken through the American Sheet and Tin Plate plant and the Page Woven Wire and Fence company's factory at Monessen. Announcement was made of the proposed trip this morning by President John B. Schafer. Last year trips were taken through Macbeth-Evans chimney factory, the Imperial Bottle factory, the Pittsburg Steel plant at Monessen and the Carnegie Steel plant at Donora.

Charleroi is the Place.

Louis Beigel, the well known shoe dealer of 419 McKean avenue, who is conducting a closing out sale, is distributing circulars showing some extraordinary bargains in footwear. In preparing the copy of the circular the name of the town—Charleroi—was inadvertiantly omitted, although the street and number are given. For the benefit of out of town people, who may get the circular, Mr. Beigel desires them to remember that his store is located at 419 McKean avenue, Charleroi, where he is well known and has been doing business for many years. Mr. Beigel expects to close out his business here and move to the East End, Pittsburg, where he has secured a business location.

Classified Ads

ROOM TO RENT—Good location. All modern conveniences. Reasonable. Apply 214 Mail office. 154t3p

LOST—Bunch of keys. Finder will be rewarded by returning to Mail office. 153tf

FOR RENT—Three rooms for light housekeeping. Apply 139 Mail office. 151tf

WANTED—A wide-awake solicitor for credit tailoring house. Good salary to the right man. Address P. O. Box 168, McKersport, Pa. 153t2p

INTERESTING CONVENTION

(Continued from First Page).

ment in less than four years, he said. There are 40 professions that can only be entered by students completing a high school course or its equivalent. Strike out all of the objectional methods of instruction and include only those parts essential to after life. What use have we of compound interest, partial payments, foreign exchange?

The remainder of the afternoon session was taken up in discussion of the School Code. The introductory remarks were made by Hugh Eastburn of Dylestown, Ed. D. F. Fortney of Belefonte, after which the discussion was free for all or who could get the floor first. Some objected to length of team, others to electing a treasurer outside the board, others to minimum salaries paid teachers, some to the specifications for school buildings, number of directors, etc, but the most objectional feature was the appointing of a commission to govern the scohol in first class cities by judges. It was argued that no authority could be given any one to take away the right of citizens to elect their own directors to govern their schools. One speaker said if he had the opportunity or power he would make his political power stronger, and he did not believe he was an exception; that it was a political scheme and should not exist in educational matters which should be non-partisan.

A resolution was presented to have the section relative to the appointing of a commission be stricken out or amended. The chair ruled that the resolution was out of order at that time.

At the opening of the evening session Isaac Sharpless, president of Haveford college, gave an address "Our National Traits as Modified by our Schools." George Howell, superintendent of Scranton, addressed the convention on "Ideals." Both addresses were practical and full of interest. At the Thursday morning session the Harrisburg high school consisting of 820 pupils rendered some fine vocal and instrumental music for an half hour.

C. S. Foss, superintendent of public schools of Reading gave an address, "Relative Importance of the Course of Study." He emphasized the importance of thoroughness in all studies rather than so much time allotted.

The reports of committees were taken up. A. C. Hawkins chairman of committee on resolutions presented to the chair a majority report saying he would present a minority report. The essence of the majority report was that no recommendation be made at this time on the new school code; that school diretors takee up the matter in their meetings and forward their action to their representative. The minority report very strenuously opposed that section, placing its appointment of directors by the judges in first class divisions which made things lively for a time with jivery shots both for and against. The majority of the convention being in favor of the minority report it was adopted. The remaining business was quickly disposed of and adjourned.

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Breach of Promise Claimed in Suit By Cleveland Girl

Anna Kraweck, a pretty Austrian girl of Cleveland, O., just past her 21st birthday, waited in vain last Christmas for her lover, Pitry Soloway, who had come to this county to secure better employment. He had been her constant companion at Cleveland, had lavished gifts upon her, including a handsome engagement ring, had taken her to places of amusement and had otherwise plighted his troth. His love, though, grew cold after coming to this county, or he saw another he liked better. His letters ceased to go to his sweetheart at Cleveland. As a result Miss Kraweck on Saturday filed a suit for breach of promise against Soloway claiming $1,900 for the breaking of the vows he made to her. Soloway is now located at Cherry Valley in Smith township. This will come up for trial at Washington.

REMNANT SALE

Thursday and Friday, February 9th & 10th 1911

It is the Greatest Sale Day of all the year. We never have a Remnant Sale but twice each year---February and August---never have it until we are ready and then we have it right. All the short pieces, odds and ends are carefully measured, ticketed, and REMNANT PRICES MARKED IN RED INK. That Red Ink Price is what does the business. Not only remnants, but every odd or surplus or slow selling lot in the house from top to bottom will go on sale at RED INK PRICES. If you have never attended one of our Remnant sales come to this one. If you have been here before we know you will come again.

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It will pay every woman within ten and fifteen miles to be here. Bring a basket; you will soon fill it at these prices. Remnant sale prices rule everywhere. We expect a record breaking crowd. It will be a record breaking sale. Extra salespeople to wait on you. Store opens at 8:00 a. m., not sooner: Remnants, Remnants, piles of Remnants. Remnants of Silk, Dress Goods, Ginghams, Muslins, Domets, Cantons, Embroideries, Laces. Percales, Calicoes, Crashes, All-overs, Ribbons, Carpets, Oilcloths, Linoleums. Sale of Ladies' Suits at $5.00, Trimmed Hats at $2.00. It will be a Big Day. Come and bring your friends.

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